

SPECIAL RELEASE

Total Livestock and Poultry Inventory in SOCCSKSARGEN Region Register Positive Growths in July 1, 2018

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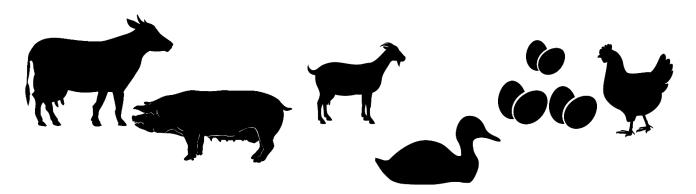


Table 1. Livestock Inventory by Animal Type & Province, SOCCSKSARGEN Region As of July 1, 2017 & July 1, 2018

	Livestock Inventory (Heads)			
Province	Carabao		Cattle	
	2017	2018	2017	2018
Cotabato Province	70,470	70,053	83,157	85,067
Sarangani	25,400	25,450	10,460	10,642
South Cotabato	41,767	40,887	66,584	63,337
Sultan Kudarat	65,104	66,399	40,597	39,624
Province	Goat		Hog	
	2017	2018	2017	2018
Cotabato Province	109,259	105,765	224,246	230,446
Sarangani	22,775	23,470	73,765	74,331
South Cotabato	41,038	41,556	405,750	428,057
Sultan Kudarat	48,242	46,619	65,585	73,912

The inventory of livestock heads in SOCCSKSARGEN Region reached 1,425,615 as of July 1, 2018. It was higher by 2.3% compared to the same period in 2017.

Of the 1,425,615 livestock heads, more than half (56.6%) were hogs. This was followed by goat (15.3%), carabao (14.2%), and cattle (13.9%).

The highest hog inventory was listed in South Cotabato at 428,057 comprising 53.1% of the total hog heads in the region. This was followed by Cotabato Province at 28.6%, 9.2% in Sultan Kudarat and Sarangani, respectively.

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority



E-mail: psadose@gmail.com https://rsso12.psa.gov.ph As of July 1, 2018, two (2) provinces posted positive growths on goat inventory. Sarangani had 23,470 goat heads, about 3.1% higher compared to the same period the previous year. South Cotabato slightly increased by 1.3% during the review period when compared to the same month the previous year.

Goat heads dropped by 3.4% and 3.2% in Sultan Kudarat and Cotabato Province, respectively.

On the other hand, about 34.5% of the total carabao heads were raised in Cotabato Province. Sultan Kudarat had 32.7%; South Cotabato, 20.2%; and Sarangani, 12.5%.

About 42.8% were inventoried in Cotabato Province, up by 2.3% from the previous year. South Cotabato shared 31.9%, but was 4.9% lower compared to the same period in 2017.

South Cotabato had the highest number of livestock heads at 40.3%. Cotabato Province was next with 34.5% followed by Sultan Kudarat (15.9%), and Sarangani (9.4%).

Inventories of cattle and goat in the region went down by 1.1% and 1.8%, respectively.

Table 2. Chicken Inventory by Type & Province, SOCCSKSARGEN Region As of July 1, 2017 & July 1, 2018

Province	2017	2018				
Broiler						
Cotabato Province	81,580	122,600				
Sarangani	316,000	348,580				
South Cotabato	1,894,061	2,375,168				
Sultan Kudarat	2,000	2,000				
Layer						
Cotabato Province	166,613	166,340				
Sarangani						
South Cotabato	1,409,957	2,054,625				
Sultan Kudarat						
Native/Improved						
Cotabato Province	2,418,753	2,276,047				
Sarangani	713,000	672,800				
South Cotabato	1,332,047	1,464,117				
Sultan Kudarat	707,532	728,050				

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority Note: ... data not available) The total chicken inventory as of July 1, 2018 was estimated at 10,210,327 birds. It went up by 12.9 percent from the same period the previous year.

Native/improved chickens comprised half (50.4%) of the total chicken inventory in the region, followed by broiler chickens (27.9%) and layer chickens (21.8%).

Layer chickens and broiler chickens registered significant growths at 40.9% and 24.2%, respectively.

E-mail: psadose@gmail.com https://rsso12.psa.gov.ph Of the 10,210,327 chicken inventory in the region, about 57.7% were raised in South Cotabato, 25.1% in Cotabato Province, Sarangani (10.0%), and Sultan Kudarat (7.2%).

South Cotabato tended 83.4% of the total broiler chickens, 92.5% of layer chickens, and 28.5% of native/improved chickens.

Table 3. Duck Inventory by Type & Province, SOCCSKSARGEN Region As of July 1, 2017 & July 1, 2018

Province	2017	2018			
Backyard					
Cotabato Province	213,024	227,026			
Sarangani	35,800	34,500			
South Cotabato	310,495	378,593			
Sultan Kudarat	608,619	604,895			
Commercial					
Cotabato Province	85,000	90,000			
Sarangani		4,581			
South Cotabato	53,340	60,253			
Sultan Kudarat	78,000	81,600			

Duck inventory reached 1,481,448 as of July 1, 2018. This was 7.0% higher compared to the same period the previous year.

Backyard ducks comprised 84.0% while 16.0% commercial ducks.

Sultan Kudarat accounted for 46.3% of the duck inventory. This was followed by South Cotabato (29.6%), Cotabato Province (21.4%), and Sarangani (2.6%).

About 48.6% of the backyard ducks were raised in Sultan Kudarat while 38.1% of the commercial ducks were inventoried in Cotabato Province.

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Definition of Terms:

Livestock – Farm animals kept or raised for consumption, work or leisure. In general, poultry is separated as a distinct group of farm animals. For purposes of censuses and surveys, livestock covers only those that are tended and raised by an operator.

Poultry – A collective term of all domesticated avian for the purpose of food consumption or, the carcass of such avian dressed/processed for human consumption.

Carabao – A Philippine water buffalo or swamp buffalo, characterized by its heavy built, low and wide body and raised primarily for work.

Hog – Generally refers to animals at or nearing market weight or finished for market.





Goat – An animal of genus Capra, family Capridae, comprising of various agile, hollow horned ruminants closely related to sheep.

Cattle – General term for the members of the *Bovidae* family, wil (Bibos spp.) or domestic (Bos spp.). Domestic cattle has two species: Bos taurus pr Europen breeds and Bos indicus or Zebu breeds or oriental domestic cattle.

Chicken – A domestic poultry (genus Gallus) raised for meat, eggs and other by-products.

Duck – A general term for waterfowl belonging to the family Anatidae of either sex.

Broiler – A type of chicken raised specifically for meat production and usually marketed at 34-36 days old.

Layer – Egg-type or dual-type 6 months old female that lay eggs.

Native chicken – A commonly backyard fowl that is a mixture of different breeds or indigenous from the Philippines. It is small, active, sensitive and capable of great flight when frightened.

Backyard Farm – Any farm or household whether farming or non-farming raising at least one head of animal or bird and does not qualify as a commercial farm.

Commercial Farm – Refers to any farm which satisfies at least one of the following conditions:

- 1) Livestock a) at least 21 heads of adult and zero head of young; b) at least 41 head of young animals, and c) at least 10 heads of adult and 22 heads of young
- 2) Poultry a) 500 layers or 1,000 broilers; b) 100 layers and 100 broilers if raised in combination, and c) 100 head of duck regardless of age

Inventory – the actual number of animals (in head/bird) present in the farm as of a specific reference date regardless of ownership.

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