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SOUTH COTABATO Provincial Statistical Office

SPECIAL RELEASE

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF TAMPAKAN

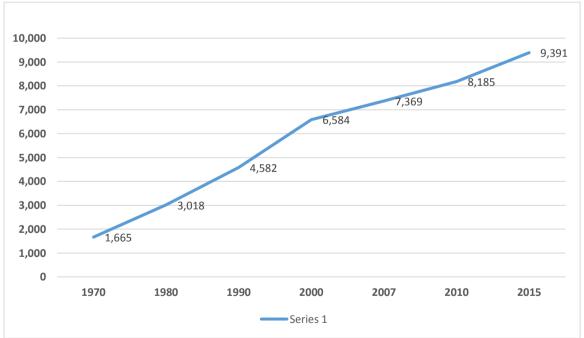
Based on the results of the 2015 Census of Population

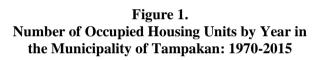
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Occupied housing units in Municipality of Tampakan reached 9,391

Based on the 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015), the number of occupied housing units in Tampakan as of August 1, 2015 was 9,391. This is 1,206 higher than the 2010 housing units reported, and 2,807 more than the 6,584 occupied housing units posted in 2000.





Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Various Censuses

There were 101 households for every 100 occupied housing units

A total of 9,444 households and 39,438 persons in 9,391 housing units in the province resulting to a ratio of 101 households for every 100 occupied housing units, and a ratio of 4.20 persons per occupied housing units.

Table 1. Number of Occupied Housing Units, Number of Households, Household Population, and Ratio of Households and Households Population to Occupied Housing Units in Tampakan: 2000-2015

	2000-2015					
	Censal Year	Number of	Number of	Household	Ratio of	Ratio of
		Occupied	Households	Population	Households to	Household
		Housing Units			Occupied	Population to
					Housing Units	Occupied
						Housing Units
-						
	2015	9,391	9,444	39,438	1.01	4.20
	2010	8,185	8,243	36,232	1.0	4.4
	2000	6,584	6,754	33,004	1.03	5.01

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2000 and 2010 Census of Population and Housing (CPH) and 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

Majority were single-type houses

In 2015, single houses made up of 96.72 percent of the total occupied housing units in Tampakan. About 2.09 percent were duplex type, while 0.80 percent were multi-unit residential buildings. By, comparison, in 2010, single houses accounted for 98.62 percent of the total occupied housing units, 0.46 percent were duplex buildings or houses and, 0.15 percent were multi-unit residential.

Type of Building			Censal Year
	2000	2010	2015
Total	6,584	8,185	9,391
Single House	6,504	8,072	9,083
Duplex	8	38	196
Multi-unit residential	12	37	75
Commercial/Industrial/Agricultural	8	31	33
Institutional living quarter	-	7	2
Others	-	-	-
Not Reported	52	-	2

Table 2. Number of Occupied Housing Units by Type of Building in Tempeken: 2000, 2015

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2000 and 2010 Census of Population and Housing (CPH) and 2007 and 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

47.90 percent of the occupied housing units had outer walls made of bamboo/sawali/cogon/nipa

In 2015, 47.90 percent of the occupied housing units in Tampakan had outer walls made of bamboo/sawali/cogon/nipa, lower than the 51.71 and 61.07 percent recorded in 2010 and 2000. Outer walls made of concrete/brick/stone comprised of 28.36 percent and 14.24 percent used half concrete/brick/stone and half wood.

Construction Materials of the Outer Walls in Tampakan: 2000-2015			
Construction Materials of the Outer Walls		Cer	nsal Year
	2000	2010	2015
Total	6,584	8,185	9,391
Concrete/brick/stone	1,139	2,001	2,663
Wood	597	512	573
Half concrete/brick/stone and half wood	690	1,304	1,337
Galvanized iron/aluminum	16	90	17
Bamboo/sawali/cogon/nipa	4,021	4,233	4,498
Asbestos	-	5	25
Glass	-	-	-
Makeshift/salvaged/improvised materials	19	9	57
Trapal	-	-	7
Others/Not Reported	91	29	214
No walls	11	2	-

Table 3. Number of Occupied Housing Units by nstruction Materials of the Outer Walls in Tampakan: 2000_2

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2000 and 2010 Census of Population and Housing (CPH) and 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

Occupied housing units with roofs made of strong materials increase in 2015

The number of occupied housing units with roofs made of galvanized iron or aluminum increased in 2015. Almost 89.33 percent of occupied housing units are made of galvanized iron or aluminum. This figure increased by 12.18 percentage points from 77.15 percent recorded in 2010. On the other hand, the proportion of occupied housing units that used bamboo/cogon/nipa/anahaw for the roofs declined from 18.69 percent in 2010 to 9.70 percent in 2015.

Construction Materials of the Outer Walls		Ce	ensal Year
-	2000	2010	2015
Total	6,584	8,185	9,391
Galvanized iron/aluminum	3,869	6,315	8,389
Tile/concrete/clay title	8	13	7
Half galvanized iron and half concrete	151	165	64
Wood	53	71	-
Bamboo/cogon/nipa/anahaw	2,339	1,530	911
Asbestos	-	7	-
Makeshift salvaged/improvised materials	14	4	8
Trapal	-	-	10
Others	34	80	2
Not Reported	56	-	-

Table 4. Number of Occupied Housing Units by Construction Materials of the Roof in Tampakan: 2000-2015

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2000 and 2010 Census of Population and Housing (CPH) and 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

Majority of the households lived in house and lot that they owned

Of the total 9,444 households in 2015, majority (or 63.66 percent) owned or were owner like possession of house and lot they occupied. Also, 33.35 percent of the households occupied house they owned with lot that were rent-free but with consent of the owner, while 3.14 percent are rent house/room including lot.

Table 5. Number of Households by Tenure Status of the Housing Unit and Lot in Tampakan: 2015

Tenure Status of the Housing Unit and Lot	Number of Households
Total	9,444
Own or owner like possession of house and lot	5,068
Rent house/room including lot	297
Own house rent lot	127
Own-house rent free lot with consent of owner	3,150
Own-house rent free lot without consent of owner	88
Rent-free house and lot with consent of owner	700
Rent-free house and lot without consent of owner	14

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

Most of the houses in Tampakan uses electricity for lighting

In 2015, electricity was the main fuel used by the households for lighting that accounted to 87.39 percent. The number of households using kerosene (gaas) and solar lamps accounted for 10.66 percent and 1.21 percent, respectively. There were 29 households which reported no fuel used for lighting.

Table 6. Number of Households by Kind of Fuel for Lighting in Tampakan: 2015

Fuel for Lighting	Number of Households
Total	9,444
Electricity	8,253
Kerosene (Gaas)	1,007
Liquified Petroleum Gas (LPG)	6
Oil (Vegetable animal and others)	1
Solar Panel	21
Solar Lamp	114
Others	13
None	29

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

Shared faucet community water system is the main source of water supply for drinking

About 24.25 percent of households obtained water for drinking from shared faucet community water system, while 23.71 percent were from own use faucet community water system, followed by shared tubed/piped deep well with 16.52 percent.

Source of Water Supply for Drinking	Number of Households
Total	9,444
Own use faucet community water system	2,239
Shared faucet community water system	2,290
Own use tubed/piped deep well	1,055
Shared tubed/piped deep well	1,560
Tubed/piped shallow well	529
Dug well	81
Protected spring	918
Unprotected spring	392
Lake, river, rain and other	4
Peddler	7
Bottled Water	368
Others	1

Table 7.
Number of Households by Main Source of Water Supply for Drinking in
Tompskop: 2015

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

Own use faucet community water system is the main source of water supply for cooking

About 24.47 percent of the total number of households in 2015 used water from community system (from own use faucet) for cooking. This was followed by households that used shared faucet community water system and shared tubed/piped deep well with 23.49 and 17.01 percent, respectively.

Table 8.
Number of Households by Main Source of Water Supply for Cooking in
Tampakan: 2015

Source of Water Supply for Cooking	Number of Households
Total	9,444
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Own use faucet community water system	2,311
Shared faucet community water system	2,218
Own use tubed/piped deep well	1,235
Shared tubed/piped deep well	1,606
Tubed/piped shallow well	643
Dug well	83
Protected spring	911
Unprotected spring	388
Lake, river, rain and other	20
Peddler	1
Bottled Water	27
Others	1

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

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