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SOUTH COTABATO Provincial Statistical Office

SPECIAL RELEASE

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF TANTANGAN

Based on the results of the 2015 Census of Population

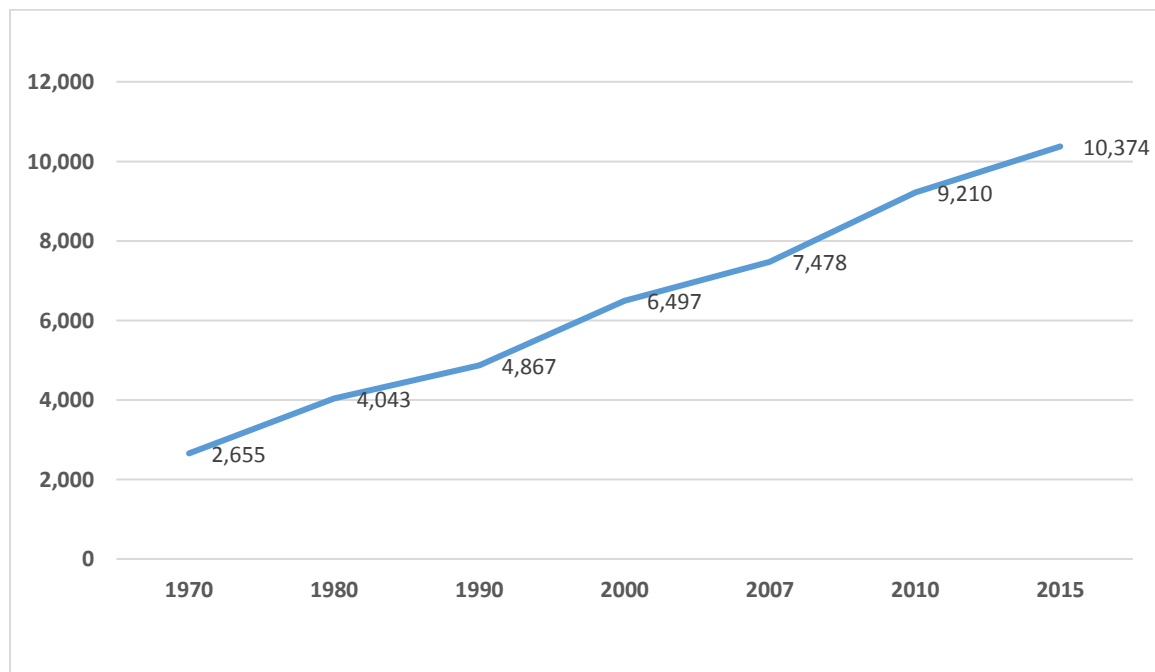
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Occupied housing units in Municipality of Tantangan reached 10,374

Based on the 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015), the number of occupied housing units in Tantangan as of August 1, 2015 was 10,374. This is 1,164 higher than the 2010 housing units reported, and 3,877 more than the 6,497 occupied housing units posted in 2000.

Figure 1.
**Number of Occupied Housing Units by Year in the
Municipality of Tantangan: 1970-2015**



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Various Censuses

There were 100 households for every 100 occupied housing units

A total of 10,396 households and 43,193 persons in 10,374 housing units in the municipality resulting to a ratio of 100 households for every 100 occupied housing units, and a ratio of 4.16 persons per occupied housing units.

Table 1.
Number of Occupied Housing Units, Number of Households, Household Population, and Ratio of Households and Households Population to Occupied Housing Units in Tantaran: 2000-2015

Censal Year	Number of Occupied Housing Units	Number of Households	Household Population	Ratio of Households to Occupied Housing Units	Ratio of Household Population to Occupied Housing Units
2015	10,374	10,396	43,193	1.0	4.16
2010	9,210	9,465	40,461	1.0	4.4
2000	6,497	6,583	32,636	1.0	5.02

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2000 and 2010 Census of Population and Housing (CPH) and 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

Majority were single-type houses

In 2015, single houses made up of 97.07 percent of the total occupied housing units in Tantaran. About 2.46 percent were duplex type, while 0.32 percent were multi-unit residential buildings. By comparison, in 2010, single houses accounted for 99.59 percent of the total occupied housing units, 0.16 percent were duplex buildings or houses and, 0.14 percent were multi-unit residential.

Table 2.
Number of Occupied Housing Units by Type of Building in Tantaran: 2000-2015

Type of Building	Censal Year		
	2000	2010	2015
Total	6,497	9,210	10,374
Single House	6,439	9,172	10,070
Duplex	8	15	255
Multi-unit residential	3	13	33
Commercial/Industrial/Agricultural	21	6	5
Institutional living quarter	2	-	2
Others	-	-	-
Not Reported	4	4	9

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2000 and 2010 Census of Population and Housing (CPH) and 2007 and 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

47.40 percent of the occupied housing units had outer walls made of bamboo/sawali/cogon/nipa

In 2015, 45.40 percent of the occupied housing units in Tantaran had outer walls made of bamboo/sawali/cogon/nipa, lower than the 53.14 percent recorded in 2010. Outer walls made of concrete/brick/stone comprised of 30.45 percent and 15.60 percent used half concrete/brick/stone and half wood.

Table 3.
Number of Occupied Housing Units by
Construction Materials of the Outer Walls in Tantaran: 2000-2015

Construction Materials of the Outer Walls	Censal Year		
	2000	2010	2015
Total	6,497	9,210	10,374
Concrete/brick/stone	1,335	2,534	3,159
Wood	282	345	768
Half concrete/brick/stone and half wood	722	1,345	1,618
Galvanized iron/aluminum	18	29	39
Bamboo/sawali/cogon/nipa	4,087	4,894	4,710
Asbestos	-	3	2
Glass	1	-	1
Makeshift/salvaged/improvised materials	8	34	3
Trapal	-	-	11
Others/Not Reported	39	26	61
No walls	5	-	2

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2000 and 2010 Census of Population and Housing (CPH) and 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

Occupied housing units with roofs made of strong materials increase in 2015

The number of occupied housing units with roofs made of galvanized iron or aluminum increased in 2015. Almost 70.06 percent of occupied housing units are made of galvanized iron or aluminum. This figure increased by 11.23 percentage points from 58.83 percent recorded in 2010. On the other hand, the proportion of occupied housing units that used bamboo/cogon/nipa/anhaw for the roofs declined from 36.04 percent in 2010 to 23.05 percent in 2015.

Table 4.
Number of Occupied Housing Units by Construction Materials of the Roof in
Tantaran: 2000-2015

Construction Materials of the Outer Walls	Censal Year		
	2000	2010	2015
Total	6,497	9,210	10,374
Galvanized iron/aluminum	3,058	5,418	7,268
Tile/concrete/clay tile	12	11	350
Half galvanized iron and half concrete	186	377	356
Wood	40	43	-
Bamboo/cogon/nipa/anhaw	3,154	3,319	2,391
Asbestos	-	-	1
Makeshift salvaged/improvised materials	7	4	3
Trapal	-	-	3
Others	10	80	2
Not Reported	25	-	-

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2000 and 2010 Census of Population and Housing (CPH) and 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

Majority of the households lived in house and lot that they owned

Of the total 10,396 households in 2015, majority (or 60.95 percent) owned or were owner like possession of house and lot they occupied. Also, 30.06 percent of the households occupied house they owned with lot that were rent-free but with consent of the owner, while 6.15 percent are rent free house and lot with consent of owner.

Table 5.
Number of Households by Tenure Status of the Housing Unit and Lot in
Tantangan: 2015

Tenure Status of the Housing Unit and Lot	Number of Households
Total	10,396
Own or owner like possession of house and lot	6,336
Rent house/room including lot	155
Own house rent lot	66
Own-house rent free lot with consent of owner	3,125
Own-house rent free lot without consent of owner	48
Rent-free house and lot with consent of owner	639
Rent-free house and lot without consent of owner	27

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

Most of the houses uses electricity for lighting

In 2015, electricity was the main fuel used by the households for lighting that accounted to 89.61 percent. The number of households using kerosene (gaas) and solar lamps accounted for 8.03 percent and 1.27 percent, respectively. There were 1 households which reported no fuel used for lighting.

Table 7.
Number of Households by Kind of Fuel for Lighting in
Tantangan: 2015

Fuel for Lighting	Number of Households
Total	10,396
Electricity	9,316
Kerosene (Gaas)	878
Liquified Petroleum Gas (LPG)	7
Oil (Vegetable animal and others)	3
Solar Panel	41
Solar Lamp	132
Others	18
None	1

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

Shared faucet community water system is the main source of water supply for drinking

About 21.67 percent of households obtained water for drinking were from shared faucet community water system, while 18.29 percent were from shared tubed/piped deep well, followed by own use faucet community water system with 17.76 percent.

Table 8.
Number of Households by Main Source of Water Supply for Drinking in
Tantangan: 2015

Source of Water Supply for Drinking	Number of Households
Total	10,396
Own use faucet community water system	1,846
Shared faucet community water system	2,253
Own use tubed/piped deep well	1,104
Shared tubed/piped deep well	1,901
Tubed/piped shallow well	1,072
Dug well	304
Protected spring	118
Unprotected spring	30
Lake, river, rain and other	1
Peddler	74
Bottled Water	1,691
Others	2

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)

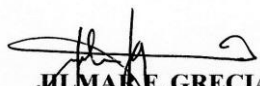
Own use faucet community water system is the main source of water supply for cooking

About 23.20 percent of the total number of households in 2015 used water from community system (from own use faucet) for cooking. This was followed by households that used shared faucet community water system and shared tubed/piped deep well with 20.85 and 20.06 percent, respectively.

Table 8.
Number of Households by Main Source of Water Supply for Cooking in
Tantangan: 2015

Source of Water Supply for Cooking	Number of Households
Total	10,396
Own use faucet community water system	2,412
Shared faucet community water system	2,168
Own use tubed/piped deep well	1,510
Shared tubed/piped deep well	2,085
Tubed/piped shallow well	1,539
Dug well	334
Protected spring	139
Unprotected spring	30
Lake, river, rain and other	8
Peddler	95
Bottled Water	24
Others	2

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015)



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