

SPECIAL RELEASE

Total Livestock Inventory in SOCCSKSARGEN Region decreased by 2.2% in January 1, 2020

Date of Release: 26 February 2020 Reference No. R12-SR2020-010

Table 1. Livestock Inventory by Animal Type & Province, SOCCSKSARGEN RegionAs of January 1, 2019 & January 1, 2020

Region/ Province	Livestock Inventory (Heads)	
	Carabao	
	2019	2020
Cotabato Province	70,139	68,699
Sarangani	25,400	24,100
South Cotabato	42,063	41,936
Sultan Kudarat	67,174	65,160
SOCCSKSA RGEN Region	204,776	199,895
Region/Province	Livestock Inventory (Heads)	
	Cattle	
	2019	2020
Cotabato Province	84,023	81,400
Sarangani	10,390	10,675
South Cotabato	63,869	62,829
Sultan Kudarat	39,629	39,161
SOCCSKSA RGEN Region	197,911	194,065
	Livestock Inventory	
Region/Province	(Heads)	
	Goat	
Catabata Duavinaa	2019	2020
Cotabato Province	107,474	101,794
Sarangani	23,004	21,446
South Cotabato	42,316	41,597
Sultan Kudarat	52,675	54,168
SOCCSKSA RGEN Region	225,469	219,005
	Livestock Inventory (Heads)	
Region/Province	Swine	
	2019	2020
Cotabato Province	237,985	228,746
Sarangani	72,564	65,948
South Cotabato	434,745	432,027
Sultan Kudarat	71,286	73,713
SOCCSKSA RGEN Region	816,580	800,434
Total Livestock Inventory	1,444,736	1,413,399

SOCCSKSARGEN Region's total inventory of livestock heads reached 1,413,399 in January 1, 2020. It was slightly lower by 2.2 percent compared to the same period in 2019.

Of the 1,413,399 livestock heads, more than half (56.6%) were swine. This was followed by goat (15.5%), carabao (14.1%), and cattle (13.7%).

The highest swine inventory was listed in South Cotabato at 432,027 comprising 54.0 percent of the total swine heads in the region. This was followed by Cotabato Province at 28.6 percent, 9.2 percent in Sultan Kudarat and 8.2 percent in Sarangani.

Among the provinces, only Sultan Kudarat posted a positive growth on goat inventory at 2.8 percent in January 1, 2020. Sarangani had 21,446 goat heads, about 6.8 percent lower compared to the same period the previous year. Cotabato Province and South Cotabato declined by 5.3 percent and 1.7 percent respectively during the review period when compared to the same month the previous year.

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority



2/F Elena V. Co Building, Don Rufino Alonzo St., Cotabato City 9600 Telefax: (064) 421-2827, Telephone: (064) 557-2416 E-mail: <u>psadose@gmail.com</u> https://rsso12.psa.gov.ph



On the other hand, about 34.4 percent of the total carabao heads were raised in Cotabato Province. Sultan Kudarat had 32.6 percent; South Cotabato, 21.0 percent; and Sarangani, 12.1 percent.

About 41.9 percent of cattle were inventoried in Cotabato Province, but was 3.1 percent lower compared to the same period in 2019. South Cotabato shared 32.4 percent, Sultan Kudarat contributed 20.2 percent and Sarangani had 5.5 percent.

South Cotabato had the highest number of livestock heads at 40.9 percent. Cotabato Province was next with 34.0 percent followed by Sultan Kudarat (16.4%), and Sarangani (8.6%).

Inventories of goat in the region decreased by 2.9 percent. It was followed by carabao at 2.4 percent; swine (2.0%); and cattle (1.9%).

Region/Province	BROILER	
	2019	2020
Cotabato Province	70,100	63,100
Sarangani	90,841	239,844
South Cotabato	2,040,552	2,071,308
Sultan Kudarat	1,800	1,500
SOCCSKSA RGEN Region	2,203,293	2,375,752
Region/Province	LAYER	
	2019	2020
Cotabato Province	151,869	182,033
Sarangani		
South Cotabato	2,059,122	2,168,360
Sultan Kudarat		
SOCCSKSA RGEN Region	2,210,991	2,350,393
Region/Province	NATIVE/IMPROVED	
	2019	2020
Cotabato Province	2,316,697	2,364,629
Sarangani	664,000	528,080
South Cotabato	1,437,778	1,437,230
Sultan Kudarat	614,733	618,912
SOCCSKSA RGEN Region	5,033,208	4,948,851
Total Chicken Inventory	9,447,492	9,674,996

Table 2. Chicken Inventory by Type & Province, SOCCSKSARGEN RegionAs of January 1, 2019 & January 1, 2020

As of January 1, 2020, SOCCSKSARGEN Region's total chicken inventory was estimated at 9,674,996 birds. It was slightly higher by 2.4 percent from the same period the previous year.

Native/improved chickens comprised more than half (51.2%) of the total chicken inventory in the region, followed by broiler chickens (24.6%) and layer chickens (24.3%).

Broiler chickens and layer chickens registered growths of 7.8 percent and 6.3 percent, respectively.

On the other hand, native/improved chickens dropped by 1.7 percent compared to the same period in 2019.

Of the 9,674,996 chicken inventory in the region, about 58.7 percent were raised in South Cotabato, 27.0 percent in Cotabato Province,

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority Note: **... data not available)**





2/F Elena V. Co Building, Don Rufino Alonzo St., Cotabato City 9600 Telefax: (064) 421-2827, Telephone: (064) 557-2416 E-mail: <u>psadose@gmail.com</u> https://rsso12.psa.gov.ph



Sarangani (7.9%), and Sultan Kudarat (6.4%).

South Cotabato shared 87.2 percent of the total broiler chickens, 92.3 percent of layer chickens, and 29.0 percent of native/improved chickens.

Table 3. Duck Inventory by Type & Province, SOCCSKSARGEN RegionAs of January 1, 2019 & January 1, 2020

Region/Province	BACKYARD	
	2019	2020
Cotabato Province	267,898	278,812
Sarangani	36,700	30,875
South Cotabato	370,380	342,797
Sultan Kudarat	644,529	597,529
SOCCSKSA RGEN Region	1,319,507	1,250,013
Region/Province	COMMERCIAL	
	2019	2020
Cotabato Province	95,000	65,200
Sarangani	5,473	3,700
South Cotabato	62,700	58,797
Sultan Kudarat	84,995	76,083
SOCCSKSA RGEN Region	248,168	203,780
Total Duck Inventory	1,567,675	1,453,793

Duck inventory reached 1,453,793 as of January 1, 2020. This was 7.3 percent lower compared to the same period the previous year.

Backyard ducks comprised 86.0 percent while 14.0 percent commercial ducks.

Sultan Kudarat accounted for 46.3 percent of the duck inventory. This was followed by South Cotabato (27.6%), Cotabato Province (23.7%), and Sarangani (2.4%).

About 47.8 percent of the backyard ducks and 37.3 percent of the commercial ducks were raised and inventoried in Sultan Kudarat.

South Cotabato was second highest in backyard duck inventory at 27.4 percent. It was followed by Cotabato Province (22.3%) and Sarangani (2.5%).

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Definition of Terms:

Livestock – Farm animals kept or raised for consumption, work or leisure. In general, poultry is separated as a distinct group of farm animals. For purposes of censuses and surveys, livestock covers only those that are tended and raised by an operator.

Poultry – A collective term of all domesticated avian for the purpose of food consumption or, the carcass of such avian dressed/processed for human consumption.





Carabao – A Philippine water buffalo or swamp buffalo, characterized by its heavy built, low and wide body and raised primarily for work.

Swine – any various stout-bodied short-legged omnivorous autiodactyl mammals of family suidae with a thick bristly skin and a long flexible snout.

Goat – An animal of genus Capra, family Capridae, comprising of various agile, hollow horned ruminants closely related to sheep.

Cattle – General term for the members of the *Bovidae* family, wil (Bibos spp.) or domestic (Bos spp.). Domestic cattle has two species: Bos taurus pr Europen breeds and Bos indicus or Zebu breeds or oriental domestic cattle.

Chicken – A domestic poultry (genus Gallus) raised for meat, eggs and other by-products.

Duck – A general term for waterfowl belonging to the family Anatidae of either sex.

Broiler – A type of chicken raised specifically for meat production and usually marketed at 34-36 days old.

Layer – Egg-type or dual-type 6 months old female that lays eggs.

Native chicken – A commonly backyard fowl that is a mixture of different breeds indigenous in the Philippines. It is small, active, sensitive and capable of great flight when frightened.

Backyard Farm – Any farm or household whether farming or non-farming raising at least one head of animal or bird and does not qualify as a commercial farm.

Commercial Farm – Refers to any farm which satisfies at least one of the following conditions:

- 1) *Livestock* a) at least 21 heads of adult and zero head of young; b) at least 41 head of young animals, and c) at least 10 heads of adult and 22 heads of young
- 2) *Poultry* a) 500 layers or 1,000 broilers; b) 100 layers and 100 broilers if raised in combination, and c) 100 head of duck regardless of age

Inventory – the actual number of animals (in head/bird) present in the farm as of a specific reference date regardless of ownership.

Approved for release:

ENGR. BELINDA R. PENUELA OIC Regional Director PSA RSSO XII

For inquiries, please contact:

MA. EILEEN A. BERDEPRADO/FATIMA H.S. MOHAMMADSHA

Statistical Operations and Coordination Division, PSA-RSSO XII Telephone Number (064) 557-2416



2/F Elena V. Co Building, Don Rufino Alonzo St., Cotabato City 9600 Telefax: (064) 421-2827, Telephone: (064) 557-2416 E-mail: <u>psadose@gmail.com</u> https://rsso12.psa.gov.ph