

PRESS RELEASE

Summary Inflation Report Consumer Price Index (2018=100)

Sarangani Province January 2025

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**Table 1. Year-on-Year Headline Inflation Rates, All Items in Percent
(2018=100)**

Area	January 2024	December 2024	January 2025	Year-to-date*
Philippines	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9
Region XII	4.1	1.2	1.1	1.1
Sarangani	4.7	(0.3)	(0.4)	(0.4)

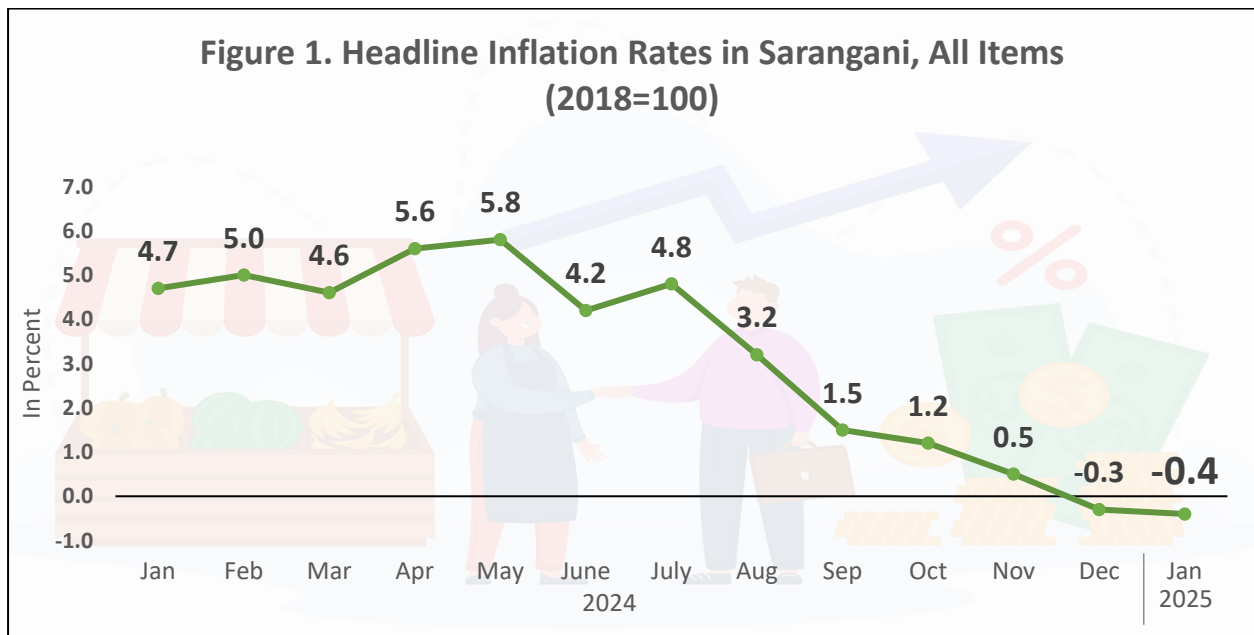
Source: Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index
Philippine Statistics Authority

*Year-on-year change of average CPI for January 2025 vs. 2024

YEAR-ON-YEAR INFLATION RATES

The headline inflation in Sarangani Province further recorded a deflation of -0.4 percent in January 2025 from -0.3 percent in December 2024. This was lower than both the regional and national levels at 1.1 percent and 2.9 percent, respectively. In January 2024, the inflation rate was higher at 4.7 percent. (*Table 1 and Figure 1*)





Source: Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index Philippine Statistics Authority

The downtrend in the province's inflation rate in January 2025 was primarily influenced by the slower annual decline in the index of food and non-alcoholic beverages at 2.3 percent from 2.0 percent inflation in December 2024. This was followed by housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels at -0.3 percent in January 2025 from 0.4 percent in December 2024. The index of information and communication also contributed to the downtrend with zero inflation during the month from 0.3 percent in December 2024.

On the contrary, the following commodity groups registered faster annual increases during the month:

- Alcoholic beverages and tobacco, 5.3 percent from 3.5 percent;
- Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance, 1.1 percent from 0.8 percent;
- Health, 2.0 percent from 1.8 percent;
- Transport, 2.1 percent from 1.3 percent; and
- Personal care, and miscellaneous goods and services, 4.8 percent from 4.4 percent. (*Table 2*)

The indices of the rest of the commodity groups such as clothing and footwear; recreation, sport and culture; education services; restaurants and accommodation services; and financial services retained at their previous month's annual rates. (*Table 2*)

**Table 2. Year-on-year Inflation by Commodity Group, Sarangani Province
January 2024, December 2024 and January 2025
In Percent
(2018=100)**

Commodity Group	January 2024	December 2024	January 2025
All Items	4.7	(0.3)	(0.4)
Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	7.5	(2.0)	(2.3)
Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	10.0	3.5	5.3
Clothing and Footwear	2.2	1.1	1.1
Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels	(2.1)	0.4	(0.3)
Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance	5.0	0.8	1.1
Health	3.8	1.8	2.0
Transport	(0.9)	1.3	2.1
Information and Communication	0.1	0.3	0.0
Recreation, Sport and Culture	12.3	4.7	4.7
Education Services	0.0	0.0	0.0
Restaurants and Accommodation Services	3.8	0.0	0.0
Financial Services	0.0	0.0	0.0
Personal Care and Miscellaneous Goods and Services	3.8	4.4	4.8

*Source: Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index
Philippine Statistics Authority*

The inflation of food and non-alcoholic beverages further declined to 2.3 percent in January 2025 from 2.0 percent in December 2024. This was due to the faster price drop in the index of cereals and cereals products at -11.6 percent in January 2025 from -8.9 percent in December 2024. This was followed by fish and other seafood at 2.0 percent from 4.6 percent. The index of fruits and nuts also contributed to the downtrend at 1.6 percent from 5.5 percent in December 2024. (Table 3)

**Table 3. Year-on-Year Inflation on Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages, Sarangani Province
January 2024, December 2024 and January 2025
In Percent
(2018=100)**

Commodity Group	January 2024	December 2024	January 2025
Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	7.5	(2.0)	(2.3)
Cereals and cereal products	25.8	(8.9)	(11.6)
Meat and other parts of slaughtered land animals	3.8	(0.3)	1.6
Fish and other seafood	(2.2)	4.6	2.0
Milk, other dairy products and eggs	11.4	5.7	4.7
Oils and fats	(7.5)	19.7	21.7
Fruits and nuts	14.3	5.5	1.6
Vegetables, tubers, plantains, cooking bananas and pulses	(15.3)	(2.0)	6.9
Sugar, confectionery and desserts	(9.8)	(5.2)	(3.8)
Ready-made food and other food products n.e.c.	7.7	3.2	4.3
Fruit and vegetable juices	2.6	(0.2)	(0.1)
Coffee and coffee substitutes	4.5	3.3	2.6
Tea, maté and other plant products for infusion	6.5	2.1	2.4
Cocoa drinks	0.0	6.3	7.3
Water	1.2	(0.6)	0.6
Soft drinks	0.0	6.3	7.3
Other non-alcoholic beverages	3.6	0.1	0.1

Source: Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index
Philippine Statistics Authority

The province's food inflation decreased to -2.6 percent in January 2025 from -2.2 percent in the previous month. In January 2024, food inflation was higher at 7.8 percent. (*Table 4*)

The deceleration of food inflation in January 2025 was brought about by the faster annual decline in the index of cereals and cereal products particularly rice with 13.6 percent from 8.8 percent in December 2024. This was followed by fish and other seafood with 2.0 percent in January 2025 from 4.6 percent in the previous month. Fruits and nuts also contributed to the downtrend with 1.6 percent during the month from 5.5 percent in December 2024. (*Table 4*)

Annual decline was also noted in the index of corn at 18.7 percent in January 2025 from 17.0 percent in the previous month. In addition, milk, other dairy products, and eggs posted slower price increase at 4.7 percent from 5.7 percent in December 2024. (*Table 4*)



In contrast, faster annual growth rates were recorded in the indices of the following food groups during the month:

- a. Flour, Bread and Other Bakery Products, Pasta Products, and Other Cereals, -1.5 percent from -3.4 percent;
 - b. Meat and other parts of slaughtered land animals, 1.6 percent from -0.3 percent;
 - c. Oil and fats, 21.7 percent from 19.7 percent;
 - d. Vegetables, tubers, plantains, cooking bananas and pulses, 6.9 percent from -2.0 percent;
 - e. Sugar, confectionery and desserts, -3.8 percent from -5.2 percent; and
 - f. Ready-made food and other food products n.e.c., 4.3 percent from 3.2 percent.
- (Table 4)

**Table 4. Year-on-Year Inflation on Food Items, Sarangani Province
January 2024, December 2024 and January 2025
In Percent
(2018=100)**

Commodity Group	January 2024	December 2024	January 2025
Food	7.8	(2.2)	(2.6)
Cereals and Cereal Products	25.8	(8.9)	(11.6)
Cereals	27.7	(10.7)	(14.7)
Rice	38.5	(8.8)	(13.6)
Corn	0.7	(17.0)	(18.7)
Flour, Bread and Other Bakery Products, Pasta Products, and Other Cereals	20.0	(3.4)	(1.5)
Meat and Other Parts of Slaughtered Animals	3.8	(0.3)	1.6
Fish and Other Seafood	(2.2)	4.6	2.0
Milk, Other Dairy Products and Eggs	11.4	5.7	4.7
Oils and Fats	(7.5)	19.7	21.7
Fruits and Nuts	14.3	5.5	1.6
Vegetables, Tubers, Cooking Bananas and Pulses	(15.3)	(2.0)	6.9
Sugar, Confectionery and Desserts	(9.8)	(5.2)	(3.8)
Ready-Made Food and Other Food Products n.e.c.	7.7	3.2	4.3

**Source: Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index
Philippine Statistics Authority**

**Table 5. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates in Sarangani, All Items
January 2019 to January 2025
In Percent
(2018=100)**

Month	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
January	3.0	4.0	6.2	4.6	8.2	4.7	(0.4)
February	3.8	4.3	6.1	2.9	9.1	5.0	
March	4.5	3.5	7.0	2.7	8.7	4.6	
April	4.2	5.6	4.7	4.0	6.4	5.6	
May	4.5	5.8	4.5	4.4	6.0	5.8	
June	3.9	4.7	5.0	5.7	5.6	4.2	
July	3.5	4.1	5.6	6.8	4.4	4.8	
August	2.0	3.4	6.3	7.4	5.5	3.2	
September	1.2	3.4	5.3	8.4	6.0	1.5	
October	1.2	3.9	5.4	8.1	5.2	1.2	
November	1.8	3.2	6.7	8.3	5.4	0.5	
December	2.7	4.7	5.3	8.4	5.1	(0.3)	
Average	3.0	4.2	5.7	6.0	6.3	3.4	(0.4)

Source: Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index
Philippine Statistics Authority

Definition of Terms

Base Period/Year	this refers to the period, usually a year, at which the index number/points is set to 100. It is the point of index number series.
Consumer Price Index	the average retail prices of a fixed basket of goods and services commonly purchased by households relative to a base year.
Headline Inflation	measure changes in the cost of living based on movements in the prices of a specified basket of major commodities. It refers to the annual rate of change or the year-on-year change in the CPI.
Inflation Rate	the annual rate of change or year-on-year change in the CPI expressed in percent.



Market Basket

refers to a sample of goods and services that are commonly purchased and bought by an average Filipino household.

Weights

a system that considers the relevance of the components of the index.

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