

# SPECIAL RELEASE

## 2024 FIRST QUARTER OTHER CROPS SITUATION REPORT IN SOCCSKSARGEN REGION (Preliminary Results)

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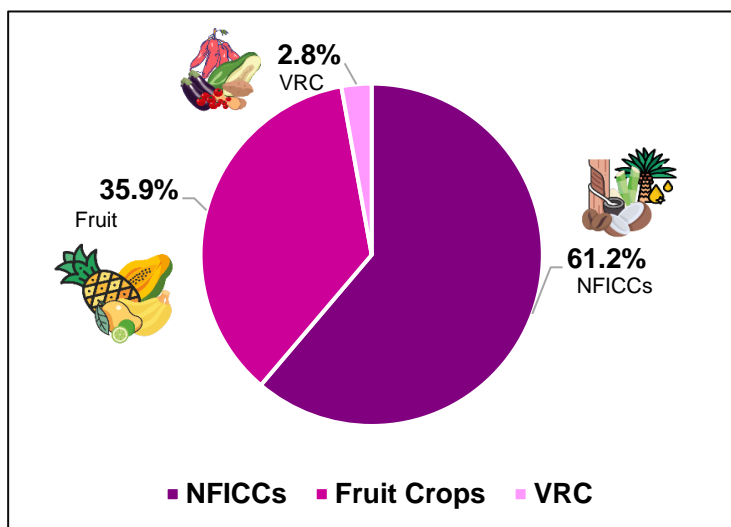
### VOLUME OF PRODUCTION BY COMMODITY GROUP

Other Crops total production of SOCCSKSARGEN Region in first quarter 2024 decreased by 3.1 percent compared to the same period in 2023. Non-Food and Industrial Commercial Crops (NFICCs) slightly decrease by 0.1% or 118.8 MT, Fruit Crops and Vegetables and Root Crops (VRC) decreased by 4.5% and 33.0% or 21,609.3 MT and 10,860.1 MT, respectively on the same reference period. (Table 1)

Table 1. Volume of Production of Other Crops by Commodity Group, SOCCSKSARGEN Region  
1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023 and 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024

COMMODITY GROUPS	PRODUCTION (in Thousand Metric Tons)		PERCENT CHANGE (%)
	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,343.1</b>	<b>1,302.0</b>	<b>(3.1)</b>
Non-Food and Industrial Commercial Crops	797.8	797.1	(0.1)
Fruit Crops	490.0	467.9	(4.5)
Vegetables and Root Crops	55.3	37.0	(33.0)

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Crops Production Survey (CrPS)



Of the 1.302 million MT total Other Crops production in the region in 2023, about 61.22 percent were produced by NFICCs. About 35.94 percent were Fruits Crops and about 2.84 percent were VRC. (Figure 1)

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Crops Production Survey (CrPS)

Figure 1. Crops Volume Production in Percent Share, SOCCSKSARGEN Region, 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024

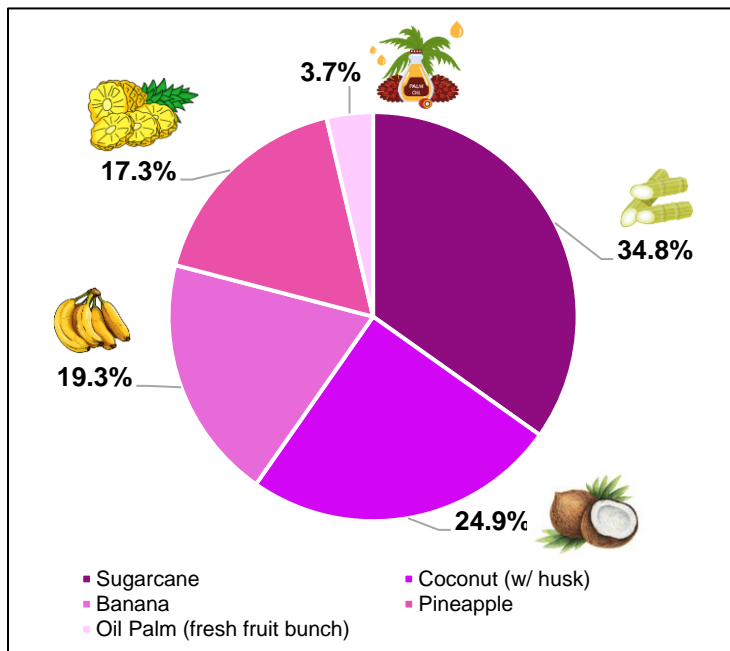
## TOP 5 CROPS IN TERMS OF VOLUME OF PRODUCTION

Among the region's top 5 Other Crops, Sugarcane recorded an increase in production during the period under review. Sugarcane recorded an increase of 4.7 percent from the previous year's production. Coconut (with husk) decreased by 5.4% during the first quarter 2024 from the previous year. Banana production drop by 7.0 percent; Pineapple likewise recorded a slightly decrease by 2.3 percent during the period under review in 2024; and Oil Palm (fresh fruit bunch) decreased by 7.2%. (Table 2)

Table 2. Volume Production of Top 5 Crops By Type of Crop, SOCCSKSARGEN Region  
1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023 and 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024

COMMODITY	PRODUCTION (in Thousand Metric Tons)		PERCENT CHANGE
	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,235.0</b>	<b>1,211.0</b>	<b>(2.0)</b>
Sugarcane	402.9	421.7	4.7
Coconut (w/ husk)	318.4	301.3	(5.4)
Banana	251.8	234.2	(7.0)
Pineapple	214.1	209.1	(2.3)
Oil Palm (fresh fruit bunch)	48.0	44.5	(7.2)

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Crops Production Survey (CrPS)



Mid the top 5 crops, sugarcane contributed 0.421 million MT, accounting for 34.83 percent of the total production of Other Crops in 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024. Coconut (w/ husk) shared 24.88%; Banana shared 19.35 percent; Pineapple, 17.27 percent; while Oil Palm contributed 3.67 percent to the overall production of Other Crops in the region, first quarter 2024. (Figure 2).

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Crops Production Survey (CrPS)

Figure 2. Top 5 Crops Volume Production in Percent Share, SOCCSKSARGEN Region, 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024

## SELECTED CROPS IN TERMS OF VOLUME OF PRODUCTION BY SUBCOMMODITY GROUP

### A. Non-Food and Industrial Commercial Crops (NFICCs)

Amongst the region's selected NFICCs, Sugarcane and Coffee (green coffee beans) recorded increase in production during the period under review. Sugarcane recorded an increase of 4.7 percent from the previous year's production while Coffee (green coffee beans) have increase by 87.7 percent or 5,189.16 MT. Coconut (with husk) decreased by 5.4% during the first quarter 2024 from the previous year. Oil Palm (fresh fruit bunch) decrease by 7.2 percent and Rubber (coagulated cup lump) production drop by 6.3 percent or 1,102.70 MT in the first quarter 2024. (Table 3)

Table 3. Volume of Production for Selected Non-Food and Industrial Commercial Crops (NFICCs) in SOCCSKSARGEN Region 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023 and 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024

COMMODITY	PRODUCTION (in Thousand Metric Tons)		PERCENT CHANGE
	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	
<b>Total</b>	<b>791.0</b>	<b>790.9</b>	<b>(0.02)</b>
Sugarcane	403.0	422.0	4.7
Coconut (w/ husk)	318.4	301.3	(5.4)
Oil Palm (fresh fruit bunch)	47.9	44.5	(7.2)
Rubber (coagulated cup lump)	18.7	17.6	(6.3)
Coffee (green coffee beans)	3.2	5.9	87.7

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Crops Production Survey (CrPS)

Among the selected NFICCs, Sugarcane contributed 0.422 million MT, and share 53.31 percent of the total production of NFICCs in first quarter 2024. Coconut (w/ husk) shared 38.09 percent; Oil Palm, 5.62 percent; Rubber, 2.22 percent; while Coffee (green coffee beans) contributed 0.75 percent to the overall production of Non-Food and Industrial Commercial Crops in the region (Figure 3).

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Crops Production Survey (CrPS)

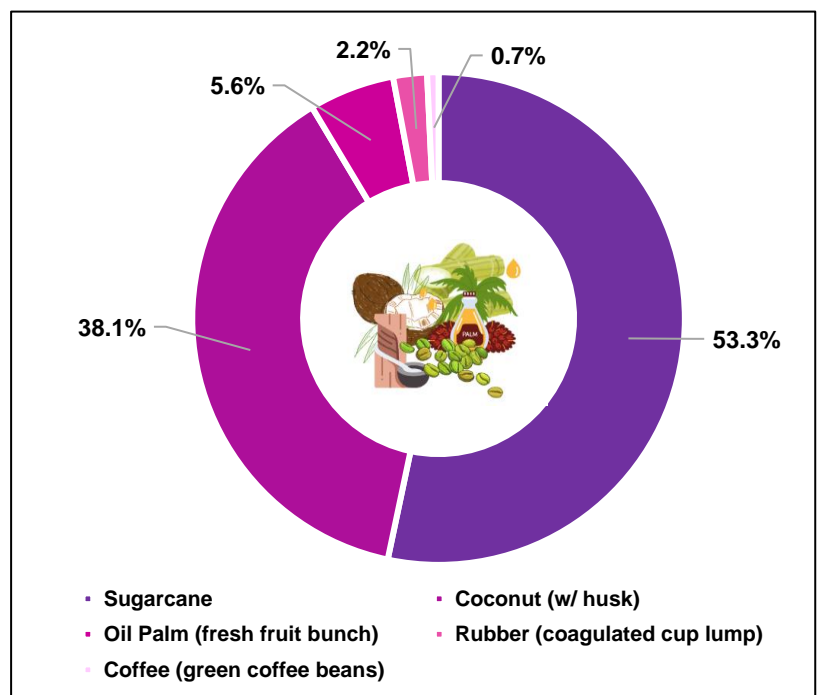


Figure 3. Volume Production of Selected NFICCs in Percent Share, SOCCSKSARGEN Region, 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024

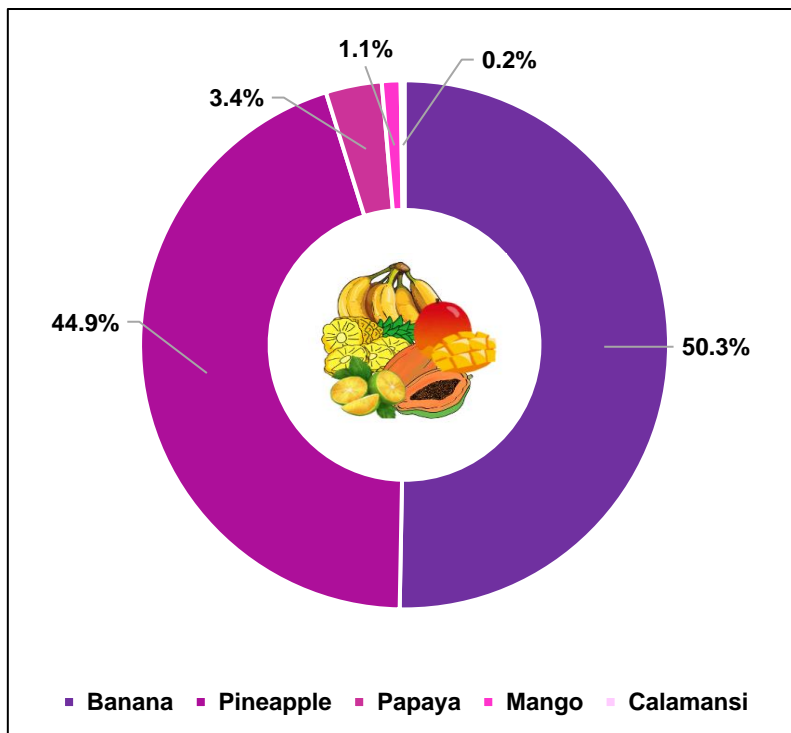
## B. Fruit Crops

Among fruit crops, Banana, Pineapple, Papaya, and Calamansi recorded a decrease in production during the period under review. Banana slows down at 7.0 percent from the previous year's production, Pineapple production slightly decrease by 2.31% from the previous year's production, Papaya decrease by 1.4 percent while Calamansi decrease by 67.5 MT or 6.1%. Mango increased by 2.6 percent or 140.02 MT from previous year. (Table 4)

Table 4. Volume Production of Selected Fruit Crops in SOCCSKSARGEN Region 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023 and 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024

COMMODITY	PRODUCTION (in Thousand Metric Tons)		PERCENT CHANGE
	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	
<b>Total</b>	<b>488.4</b>	<b>465.7</b>	<b>(4.6)</b>
Banana	251.8	234.2	(7.0)
Pineapple	214.1	209.1	(2.3)
Papaya	16.2	16.0	(1.4)
Mango	5.2	5.3	2.6
Calamansi	1.2	1.1	(6.1)

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Crops Production Survey (CrPS)



Banana contributed 0.234 million MT, and share 50.30 percent of the total production of Fruit Crops in first quarter 2024. Pineapple shared 44.9 percent; Papaya, 3.43 percent; Mango, 1.14 percent; while Calamansi share 0.24 percent to the overall production of Fruit Crops in the region (Figure 4).

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Crops Production Survey (CrPS)

Figure 4. Volume Production of Selected FC in Percent Share, SOCCSKSARGEN Region, 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024

### C. Vegetable and Root Crops (VRC)

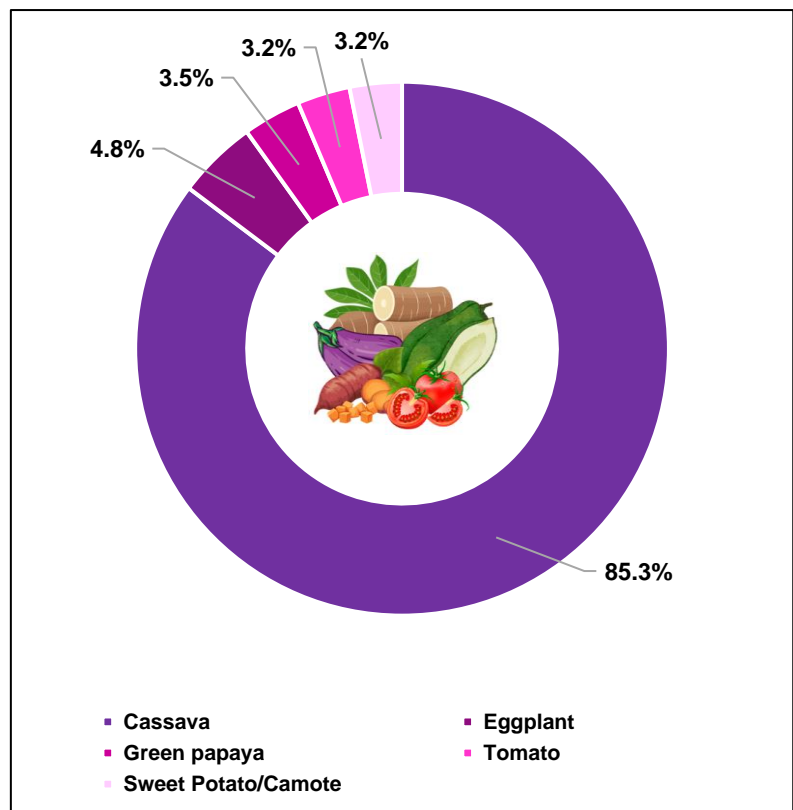
Among the region’s selected Vegetable and Root Crops, Cassava drop by 36.1 percent while Eggplant recorded a decrease of 11.0 percent from the previous year’s production; Green papaya decrease in production at 50.2 percent. Tomato decreased by 14.8% and Sweet Potato/Camote decreased by 36.5 during the Annual 2023 from the previous year. Tomato production drop by 15.1 percent in the first quarter 2024 (Table 5).

Table 5. Volume of Production for Selected Vegetable and Root Crops in SOCCSKSARGEN Region 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023 and 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024

COMMODITY	PRODUCTION (in Thousand Metric Tons)		PERCENT CHANGE
	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	
<b>Total</b>	<b>47.5</b>	<b>30.7</b>	<b>(35.4)</b>
Cassava	41.0	26.2	(36.1)
Eggplant	1.7	1.5	(11.0)
Green papaya	2.2	1.1	(50.2)
Tomato	1.2	1.0	(14.8)
Sweet Potato/Camote	1.5	1.0	(36.5)

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Crops Production Survey (CrPS)

For Vegetable and Root crops, Cassava contributed 0.031 million MT and shared 85.27 percent of the total production of Vegetable and Root Crops in 2023. Eggplant shared 4.84 percent; Green papaya, 3.52 percent; Tomato, 3.21 percent; while Sweet Potato/Camote shared 3.16 percent to the overall production of Vegetable and Root Crops in the region, annual 2023. (Figure 5).



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Crops Production Survey (CrPS)

Figure 5. Top 5 Crops Volume Production in Percent Share, SOCCSKSARGEN Region, 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024

## OTHER CROPS VOLUME OF PRODUCTION BY PROVINCE

Among its four (4) provinces, Cotabato had the highest Other Crops production at 0.555 million MT accounting or 42.6 percent of the region's 1.302 million MT for Other Crops production in the first quarter 2024. Followed by South Cotabato at 0.384 million MT sharing 29.5 percent; Sarangani had 0.209 million MT or 16.0 percent; and Sultan Kudarat had 11.8 percent share or 0.154 million MT.

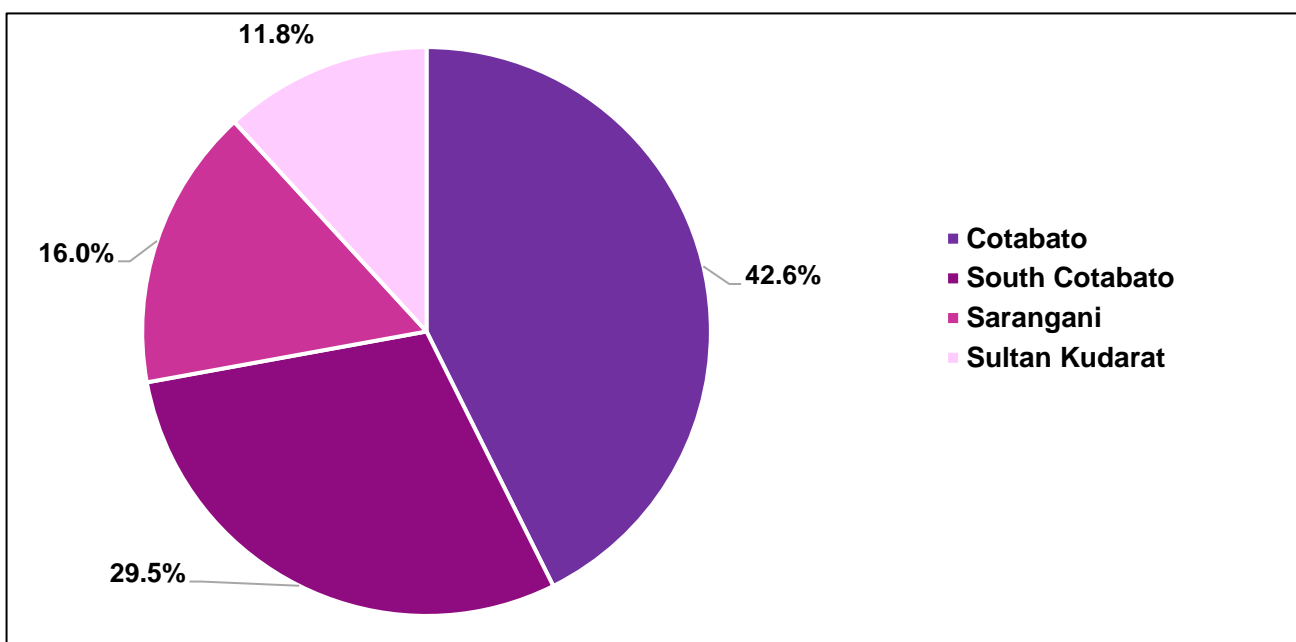
Only Cotabato recorded an increase of 9.5 percent in the production of Other Crops during the period under review in 2024. The rest of the provinces recorded a decrease. (Table 6 and Figure 6)

Table 6. Volume of Production for Other Crops by Province, SOCCSKSARGEN Region  
1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023 and 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024

Provinces	PRODUCTION (in Thousand Metric Tons)		Percent Change
	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	
<b>Region 12</b>	<b>1,343.1</b>	<b>1,302.0</b>	<b>(3.1)</b>
Cotabato	507.3	555.2	9.5
South Cotabato	413.8	384.0	(7.2)
Sarangani	241.0	209.0	(13.3)
Sultan Kudarat	181.0	153.9	(15.0)

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Crops Production Survey (CrPS)

Figure 6. Percent Distribution of Other Crops Production by Province, SOCCSKSARGEN Region,  
1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Crops Production Survey (CrPS)



**Notes:**

- Details may not add up due to rounding.
- Based on Final data of 2024 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter Round for Crops Production Survey (CrPS)

**Crops Production Survey (CrPS)**

*The CrPS is a quarterly survey which aims to generate basic production statistics for crops other than palay and corn at the national and sub-national levels. Twenty major crops under the Other Crops sub-sector are highlighted in the Value of Production in Philippine Agriculture and Fisheries.*

*The CrPS covers more than 280 crops sub-classified under three commodity groupings, namely: 1) Non-Food and Industrial Crops, 2) Fruit Crops, and 3) Vegetables and Root Crops. The commodity coverage by province differs and depends on what each province produces.*

*There are specialized commodity agencies which also generate production-related statistics such as the Sugar Regulatory Administration (SRA), Philippine Coconut Authority (PCA), Philippine Fiber Industry Development Authority (PhilFIDA), and National Tobacco Administration (NTA). The PSA adopts the production data of SRA on canes milled for centrifugal sugar while those from PCA, PhilFIDA, and NTA serve as inputs in the review and validation of estimates.*

*After the collection and organization of statistics for crops other than palay and corn, these undergo a review and validation process before final release and dissemination. The reports generated from the results of the survey are in the forms of bulletins, infographics, publication, and statistical tables at the PSA Website and OpenSTAT.*

*Further, the list of top producing cities/municipalities serves as the sampling frame during the first and second quarter of year 2023. This is based on the information on volume of production of crops provided by the Provincial Agricultural Office (PAO) and validated by the Chief Statistical Specialist (CSS)/field staff in coordination with the City/Municipal Agriculturist and other government agencies.*

*The PSA have redesigned the crops production survey and starting third quarter of 2023, the new sampling design for CrPS will be implemented as per approved PSA Board Resolution No. 14, Series of 2023 entitled, "Approving and Adopting the New Sampling Design of the Crops Production Survey". The new sampling design uses two separate sampling designs for household-based and establishment-based, both was used with province as domain. Moreover, the CrPS will also collect data on farmgate prices, which was previously collected in the Farm Prices Survey (FPS). For data collection, the CrPS will utilize Computer-Assisted Personal Interview (CAPI) instead of Pen-and-Paper Personal Interview (PAPI).*





## Definition of Terms

**Crops Production** - This refers to the quantity produced and harvested for a particular crop during the reference period. It includes those measured but damaged, stolen, given away, consumed, given as harvesters' share, and reserved. Also included are those production from "pakyaw" and "contract growers". On the other hand, excluded are those produced but not harvested for whatever reason/s.

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