

SPECIAL RELEASE

Summary Inflation Report Consumer Price Index All Income Households (2018=100)

General Santos City June 2025

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**Table A. Year-on-Year Headline Inflation Rates, All Items
In Percent
(2018=100)**

Area	June 2024	May 2025	June 2025	Year-to-date*
Philippines	3.7	1.3	1.4	1.8
Region XII	3.7	(1.1)	(0.9)	(0.5)
General Santos City	2.7	(2.0)	(0.3)	(0.5)

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

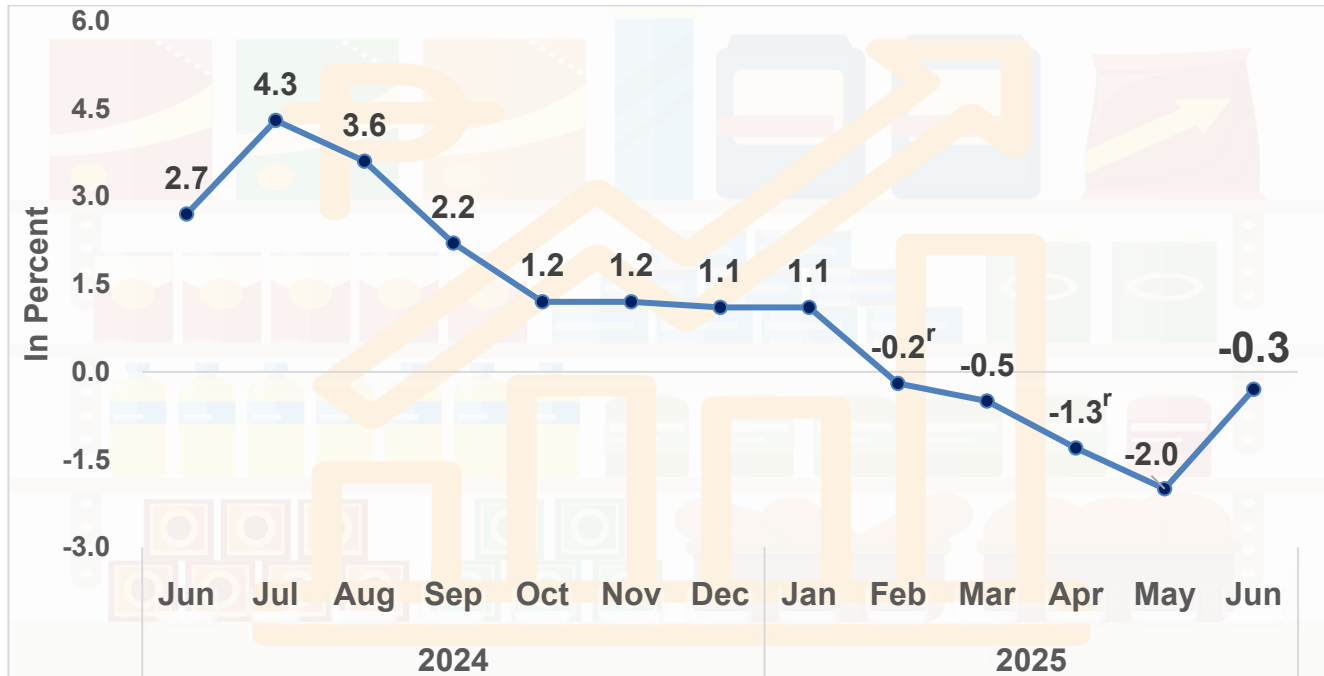
*Year-on-year change of average CPI for January to June 2025 vs. January to June 2024

A. General Santos City

1. Overall Inflation

The headline inflation or overall inflation in General Santos City registered slower annual decline at 0.3 percent in June 2025 from a 2.0 percent annual drop in May 2025. In June 2024, the inflation rate was higher at 2.7 percent. (*Table A and Figure 1*)

**Figure 1. Headline Inflation Rates in General Santos City, All Items
(2018=100)**



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index
Note: r - revised

1.1 Main Drivers to the Upward Trend of Headline Inflation (Table B)

The uptrend in General Santos City's overall inflation in June 2025 was primarily brought about by the year-on-year increment in the index of housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels at 1.9 percent during the month from a 4.8 percent annual decrease in May 2025.

The slower annual decrease of the indices of transport at 3.4 percent, and food and non-alcoholic beverages at 2.5 percent in June 2025 from their respective annual declines at 5.2 percent and 2.6 percent in the previous month also contributed to the uptrend of the overall inflation.

In addition, higher inflation rates were noted in the following commodity groups in June 2025:

- Health, 7.2 percent from 4.5 percent;
- Recreation, sport and culture, 1.3 percent from 0.9 percent;
- Education services, 11.5 percent from 8.7 percent; and
- Personal care, 2.2 percent from 1.5 percent.

Meanwhile, the index of restaurants and accommodation services retained its previous month's annual drop at 0.8 percent.

The indices of the remaining commodity groups maintained their respective annual rates from the previous month, with financial services, and information and communication still at zero percent in June 2025.

**Table B. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates by Commodity Group, General Santos City
June 2024, May 2025 and June 2025
In Percent
(2018=100)**

Commodity Group	Inflation Rate			
	June 2024	May 2025	June 2025	Trend Indicator
All Items	2.7	(2.0)	(0.3)	↑
Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	5.9	(2.6)	(2.5)	↑
Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	3.5	1.9	1.9	=
Clothing and Footwear	1.7	1.1	1.1	=
Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels	(2.6)	(4.8)	1.9	↑
Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance	0.8	0.3	0.3	=
Health	1.7	4.5	7.2	↑
Transport	1.7	(5.2)	(3.4)	↑
Information and Communication	0.3	0.0	0.0	=
Recreation, Sport and Culture	2.1	0.9	1.3	↑
Education Services	4.4	8.7	11.5	↑
Restaurants and Accommodation Services	3.1	(0.8)	(0.8)	=
Financial Services	0.0	0.0	0.0	=
Personal Care and Miscellaneous Goods and Services	2.9	1.5	2.2	↑

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

1.2 Main Contributors to the Headline Inflation

The top three commodity groups that contributed to the June 2025 overall inflation were the following:

- Food and non-alcoholic beverages with 275.1 percent share or -0.8 percentage point;
- Transport with 100.2 percent share or -0.3 percentage point; and
- Restaurants and accommodation services with 18.5 percent share or -0.1 percentage point.

2. Food Inflation

Food inflation in General Santos City remained its previous month's annual rate at 3.1 percent year-on-year decrease in June 2025. In June 2024, food inflation was higher at 6.2 percent.

Table C. Year-on-Year Inflation on Food Items, General Santos City
June 2024, May 2025 and June 2025
In Percent
(2018=100)

Commodity Group	June 2024	May 2025	June 2025	Trend Indicator
Food	6.2	(3.1)	(3.1)	=
Cereals and Cereal Products	12.0	(11.3)	(11.7)	↓
Cereals	15.2	(15.5)	(16.2)	↓
Rice	15.7	(16.0)	(16.6)	↓
Corn	3.5	(2.3)	(5.2)	↓
Flour, Bread and Other Bakery Products, Pasta Products, and Other Cereals	3.3	1.6	2.0	↑
Meat and Other Parts of Slaughtered Animals	(1.1)	3.9	4.9	↑
Fish and Other Seafood	4.6	3.3	5.2	↑
Milk, Other Dairy Products and Eggs	4.2	7.8	6.7	↓
Oils and Fats	(0.2)	4.8	4.6	↓
Fruits and Nuts	4.4	(4.8)	(7.2)	↓
Vegetables, Tubers, Cooking Bananas and Pulses	10.6	(10.2)	(12.5)	↓
Sugar, Confectionery and Desserts	(4.1)	(2.9)	(1.8)	↑
Ready-Made Food and Other Food Products n.e.c.	7.0	(0.2)	(0.8)	↓

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

2.1 Main Contributors to the Food Inflation

Food inflation contributed 313.3 percent or -1.0 percentage point to the June 2025 overall inflation. The top three food groups in terms of contribution to food inflation during the month were the following:

- Cereals and cereal products, which include rice, corn, flour, bread and other bakery products, pasta products, and other cereals with a share of 131.5 percent or -4.1 percentage point;
- Vegetables, tubers, plantains, cooking bananas and pulses with a share of 33.2 percent or -1.0 percentage point; and
- Fruits and nuts with a share of 10.1 percent or -0.3 percentage point.

**Table D. Year-on-Year Inflation in General Santos City, All Items
June 2019 to June 2025
In Percent
(2018=100)**

Month	Year						
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
January	5.3	2.4	2.1	6.4	6.9	2.9	1.1
February	4.1	2.4	3.6	5.4	6.9	3.5	(0.2) ^r
March	4.0	2.0	5.5	4.4	6.7	2.9	(0.5)
April	3.7	2.5	5.2	5.3	5.7	3.1	(1.3) ^r
May	3.4	1.9	5.7	6.2	3.8	4.3	(2.0)
June	2.8	1.6	5.6	6.4	4.0	2.7	(0.3)
July	2.2	1.8	5.1	7.7	2.4	4.3	
August	0.7	0.9	5.5	7.9	3.4	3.6	
September	-0.3	1.4	5.8	7.7	4.1	2.2	
October	-0.2	0.8	7.2	7.0	4.5	1.2	
November	1.6	0.8	7.3	7.1	4.1	1.2	
December	2.7	0.6	7.8	6.9	3.9	1.1	
Average	2.5	1.6	5.5	6.5	4.7	2.7	(0.5)

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index
Note: r - revised

3. Purchasing Power of Peso



100 pesos in 2018



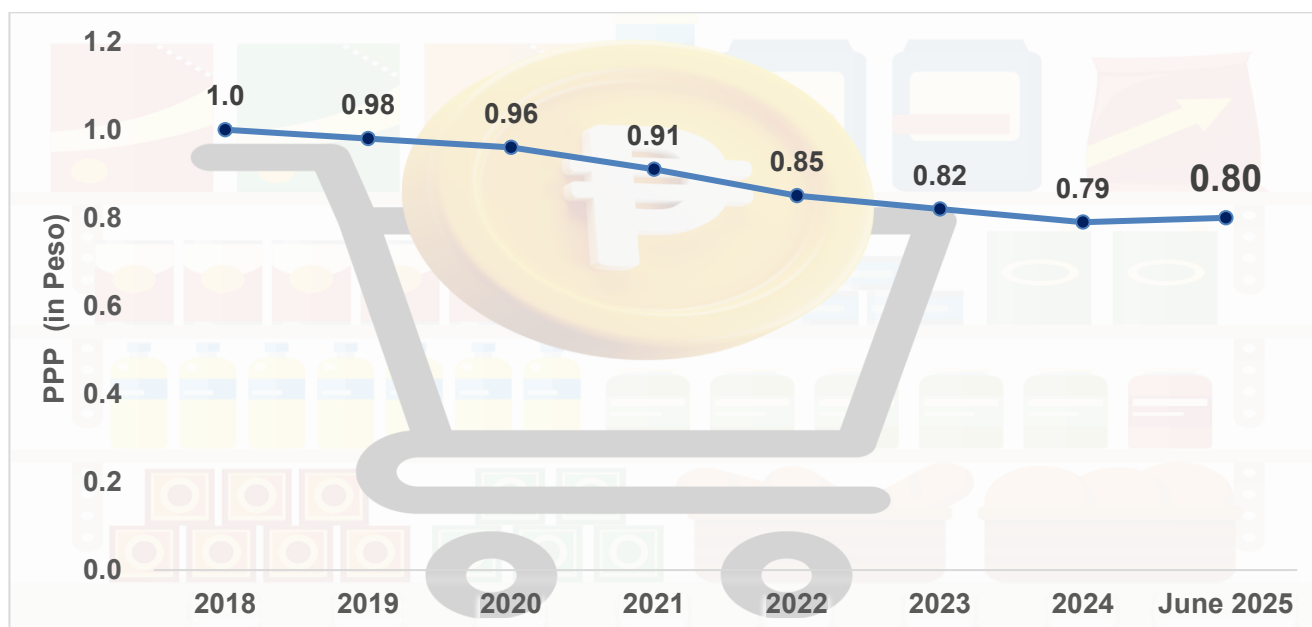
124.4 pesos in June 2025

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities for Generation of Consumer Price Index

The Purchasing Power of Peso (PPP) in General Santos City decreased to PhP 0.80 in June 2025 from PhP 0.81 in the previous month. This means that a peso in 2018 is worth 80 centavos in June 2025, or you need PhP 124.4 to purchase the same goods and services that cost PhP 100.00 in 2018.

The PPP is inversely related to inflation rate. Therefore, as the inflation rate increases, PPP declines. In General Santos City, PPP has been decreasing on the average of 0.04 annually from 2018 to 2024. By comparison, the PPP in 2024 was 0.79 which implies that the PhP 1.00 in 2018 as the base year, values only PhP 0.79 in 2024. (Figure 2)

**Figure 2. Purchasing Power of Peso in General Santos City:
2018 to 2024, June 2025
(2018=100)**




Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

Technical Notes:

Base Period/Year	this refers to the period, usually a year, at which the index number/points is set to 100. It is the point of index number series.
Consumer Price Index	the average retail prices of a fixed basket of goods and services commonly purchased by households relative to a base year.
Headline Inflation Rate	this refers to the rate of change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), which measures the average cost of a standard "basket" of goods and services typically consumed by a representative household.
Inflation Rate	the annual rate of change or year-on year change in the CPI expressed in percent.
Market Basket	refers to a sample of goods and services that are commonly purchased and bought by an average Filipino household.
Purchasing Power of Peso (PPP)	a measure of the real value of the peso in a given period relative to a chosen reference period. It is computed by getting the reciprocal of the CPI and multiplying the result by 100.
Weights	a system that considers the relevance of the components of the index.

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