



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY
SOCCKSARGEN REGION

SPECIAL RELEASE

DEATH STATISTICS IN SOCCKSARGEN REGION: FIRST SEMESTER 2020

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Registered death decreased by 2.09 percent

The reported deaths in SOCCKSARGEN Region during the First Semester of 2020 reached 10,563 which is 2.09 percent lower compared to the same semester in 2019 (see table 1). The number of deaths in Cotabato Province reached 2,844, a decrease of 20.09 percent. Sultan Kudarat Province recorded 1,618 deaths or about 6.20 percent decreased. Sarangani posted an increase of 9.71 percent whereas deaths records in South Cotabato and Cotabato City increased by 9.71 and 53.47 percent compared to the same period in 2019, respectively (see Table 1).

Table 1. Number of Registered Deaths by Province, Sex and Usual Residence of Deceased
SOCCKSARGEN Region: First Semester 2020

REGION/PROMINCE/CITY	1 st Semester 2019			1 st Semester 2020			Percentage Increase / Decrease
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
REGION XII (SOCCKSARGEN)	10,788	6,613	4,175	10,563	6,350	4,213	-2.09
Cotabato	3,559	2,176	1,383	2,844	1,700	1,144	-20.09
South Cotabato (includes GSC)	4,231	2,613	1,618	4,616	2,817	1,799	9.10
Sultan Kudarat	1,725	1,057	668	1,618	994	624	-6.20
Sarangani	1,071	646	425	1,175	686	489	9.71
Cotabato City	202	121	81	310	153	157	53.47

Note: Figure are not adjusted for under-registration and includes persons who died in the Philippines whose usual residence is in a foreign country.
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Civil Registration Service, Vital Statistics Division



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More males died than females

There were more death occurrence among males (6,350) than females (4,213) in SOCCSKSARGEN Region in the first semester of 2020. The computed sex ratio during the year was 151 which means that 151 male deaths for every 100 female deaths (see Table 2).

Sultan Kudarat posted the highest ratio with 159, South Cotabato ranked second with 157 and followed by Cotabato Province with 149. The lowest computed sex ratio of 103 female deaths per 100 male deaths was noted in Cotabato City (see table 2).

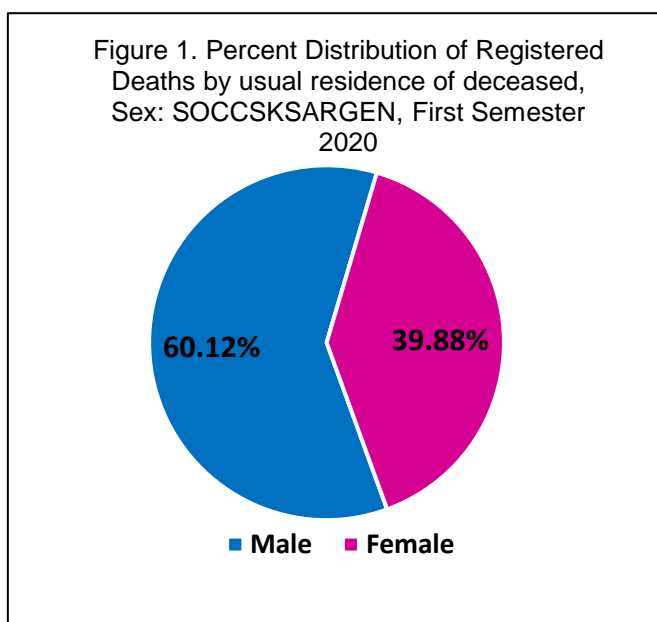
Table 2. Sex Ratio of Number of Registered Deaths by Province, Sex and Usual Residence of Deceased SOCCSKSARGEN Region: First Semester 2020

Region/Province	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio
REGION XII (SOCCSKSARGEN)	10,563	6,350	4,213	151
Cotabato	2,844	1,700	1,144	149
South Cotabato (includes GSC)	4,616	2,817	1,799	157
Sultan Kudarat	1,618	994	624	159
Sarangani	1,175	686	489	140
Cotabato City	310	153	157	103

*Note: Figure are not adjusted for under-registration and includes persons who died in the Philippines whose usual residence is in a foreign country
 Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Civil Registration Service, Vital Statistics Division*

In the first semester of 2020, the registered deaths totalled to 10,563. About 60.12 percent of the deaths or 6,350 deaths were males; female deaths accounted for 39.88 percent or numbering 4,213. (refer to Figure 1).

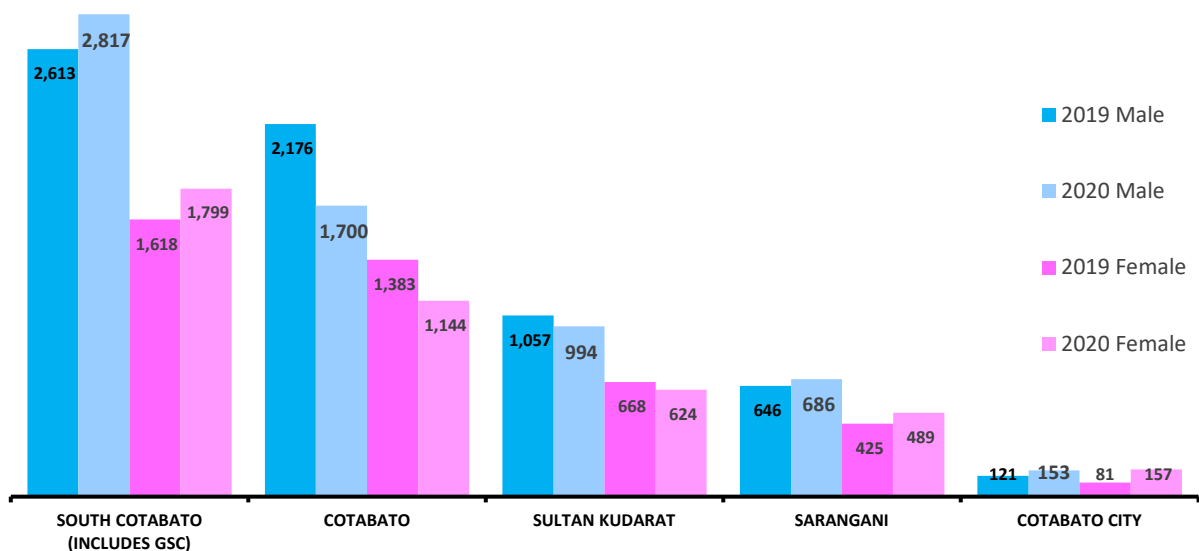
On the average, there were about 35 deaths registered monthly (for 50 Cities/Municipalities) or at most 8 deaths per week (see Table 1).



South Cotabato Province recorded the highest number of Registered Deaths

Figure 2 shows the total number of registered deaths by usual residence by sex for the first semester of 2019 and 2020. Male deaths are higher than the female deaths both for same reference period 2019 and 2020.

Figure 3. Cities/Municipalities with highest number of Registered Deaths by Usual Residence of Deceased, SOCCSKSARGEN: First Semester 2020



Note: Figure are not adjusted for under-registration and includes persons who died in the Philippines whose usual residence is in a foreign country
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Civil Registration Service, Vital Statistics Division

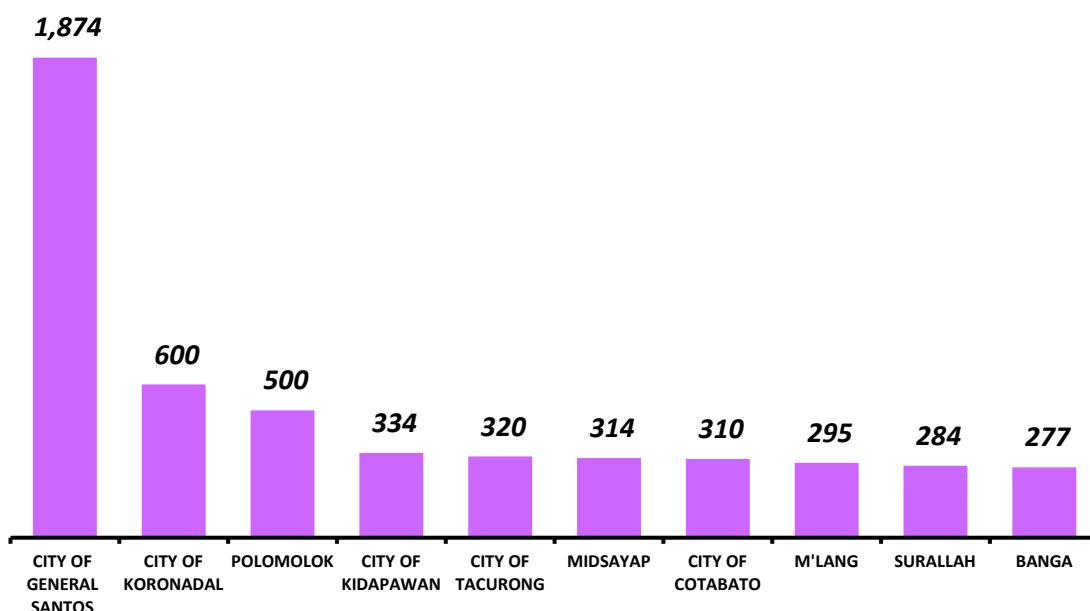
Of the total deaths by usual residence of deceased, South Cotabato recorded the highest registered death in 2020 with 2,817 male and 1,799 female. This constitutes 43.70 percent of the total registered deaths in the region during the period under review. Male deaths constituted 61.03 percent; females at 38.97 percent. It was followed by Cotabato with 1,700 male and 1,144 females or with registered deaths of 2,844 accounting for 26.92% percent of the total registered deaths during the semester; about 59.77 percent were males and 40.23 percent were females.

Sarangani, Sultan Kudarat and Cotabato City registered deaths 11.12 percent, 15.32 percent and 2.93 percent, respectively (see Figure 2).

Top 10 cities/municipalities with the highest number of registered deaths

The top four cities and municipalities in terms of number of deaths by usual residence were General Santos City with 1,874 constituting 17.74 percent of the regional total, followed by City of Koronadal with 600 deaths or 5.68 percent; Polomolok with 500 or 4.73 percent; City of Kidapawan with 334 or 3.16 percent, City of Tacurong with 320 or 3.03 percent.

Figure 3. Cities/Municipalities with highest number of Registered Deaths by Usual Residence of Deceased, SOCCSKSARGEN: First Semester 2020



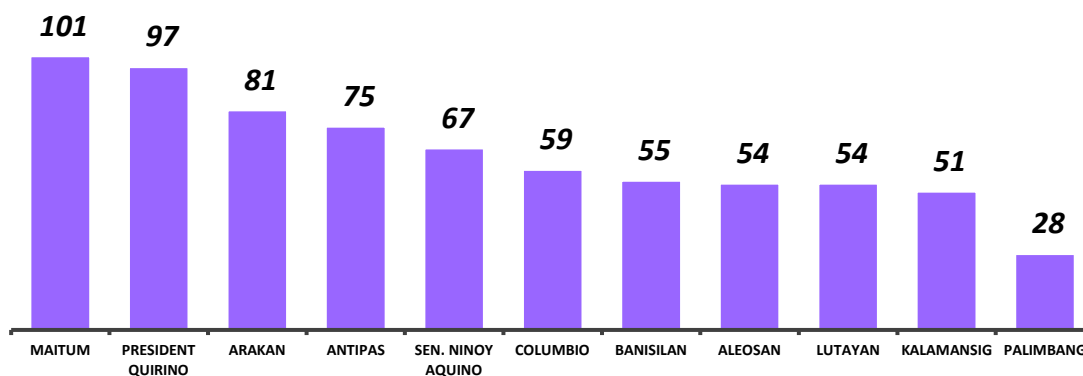
*Note: Figure are not adjusted for under-registration and includes persons who died in the Philippines whose usual residence is in a foreign country
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Civil Registration Service, Vital Statistics Division*

Midsayap with 314 or about 2.97 percent; City of Cotabato with 310 or about 2.93 percent; M'lang with 295 or about 2.79 percent; Surallah with 284 or about 2.69 percent; Banga with 277 or about 2.62 percent registered deaths (see figure 3).

Top ten cities and municipalities with the least number of death registrations

The top 10 cities and municipalities in the region with the least number of registered deaths are shown in see Figure 4.

Figure 4. City/Municipalities with least number of Registered Deaths by Usual Residence of Deceased, SOCCSKSARGEN: First Semester 2020



Note: Figure are not adjusted for under-registration and includes persons who died in the Philippines whose usual residence is in a foreign country
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Civil Registration Service, Vital Statistics Division

Highest Number of Registered Deaths in Cities and Municipalities for both sexes

The top two cities and municipalities in terms of number of registered deaths by both sexes by usual residence were City of General Santos and Koronadal City. City of General Santos recorded 1,117 male deaths and 757 female deaths constituting 17.59 percent and 11.92 percent of the regional total registered deaths, respectively. Whereas, City of Koronadal has 372 males constituting 5.86 percent and 228 females with 3.59 percent of the regional total in the first semester of 2020 (see table 3).

The remaining cities and municipalities with highest deaths are shown in Table 3.

Table 3. City/Municipalities with Highest number of Registered Deaths, by Sex and Usual Residence of Deceased, SOCCSKSARGEN: First Semester 2020

Highest Number of Registered Deaths			
Cities/Municipalities	Male	Cities/Municipalities	Female
City of General Santos	1,117	City of General Santos	757
City of Koronadal	372	City of Koronadal	228
Polomolok	327	Polomolok	173
City of Kidapawan	193	City of Cotabato	157
City of Tacurong	192	City of Kidapawan	141
Midsayap	179	Midsayap	135
M'lang	176	City of Tacurong	128
Banga	171	M'lang	119
Surallah	168	Surallah	116
Tupi	159	Banga	106

Note: Figure are not adjusted for under-registration and includes persons who died in the Philippines whose usual residence is in a foreign country
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Civil Registration Service, Vital Statistics Division



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Explanatory Notes

The data on vital statistics presented in this special release were obtained from the Certificates of Death (Municipal Form No. 103) that were registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Registrars all throughout the country and forwarded to the Philippine Statistics Authority-Civil Registration Service. The data presented herein are events that occurred from January 2019 to June 2019 and January 2020 – June 2020.

Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment of under-registration

Definition of Terms

Death is refers to the disappearance of all evidence of life at any time after births has taken place.

Civil Registration is a recording of vital acts and events in the civil registers and the resulting documents are called vital events.

Vital Acts and Events includes births, deaths, marriages and all such events that have something to do with an individual's entrance and departure from life together with the changes in civil status that may occur to a person during his/her lifetime.

Usual Residence of Deceased refers to the place where the deceased was buried.

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