Birth Statistics of Sultan Kudarat Province 2016 and 2017

Sultan Kudarat registered live births lower by 4.53 percent in 2017

Sultan Kudarat Province had a total registered live births of 10,926 in 2017, lower by 4.53 percent compared to 2016. (Table 1)

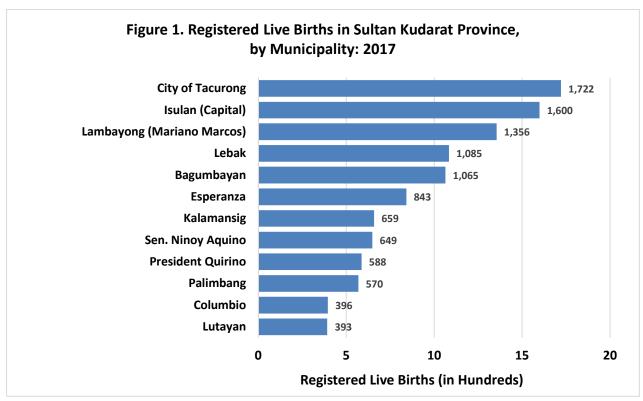
Table 1. Total Registered Live Births by City/Municipality, by Sex and by Usual of Residence of Mother: Sultan Kudarat Province, 2016 and 2017

PROVINCE,	TOTAL REGISTERED LIVE BIRTHS						
CITY/MUNICIPALITY	2016			2017			Growth
	Both	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Rate
	Sexes			Sexes			
SULTAN KUDARAT	11,444	5,935	5,509	10,926	5,751	5,175	(4.53)
Bagumbayan	1,241	661	580	1,065	555	510	(14.18)
Columbio	470	245	225	396	210	186	(15.74)
Esperanza	929	457	472	843	419	424	(9.26)
Isulan (Capital)	1,740	944	796	1,600	836	764	(8.05)
Kalamansig	652	314	338	659	373	286	1.07
Lebak	1,414	734	680	1,085	595	490	(23.27)
Lutayan	389	210	179	393	202	191	1.03
Lambayong	1,262	643	619	1,356	701	655	7.45
Palimbang	459	238	221	570	285	285	24.18
President Quirino	576	299	277	588	329	259	2.08
City of Tacurong	1,646	848	798	1,722	911	811	4.62
Senator Ninoy Aquino	666	342	324	649	335	314	(2.55)

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Civil Registration Service, Vital Statistics Division

Highest occurrence of births in the City of Tacurong

Among the city/municipalities in Sultan Kudarat Province, the City of Tacurong had the highest registered live births with 1,722 which constituted 15.76 percent of the total registered live births in the province in 2017. This was followed by the municipalities of Isulan with registered live births of 1,600 (14.64%) and Lambayong with 1,356 (12.41%). The municipality of Lutayan had the least registered live births with 393 (3.60%) in 2017. (Figure 1 and Table 1)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Civil Registration Service, Vital Statistics Division

More males born than females

Of the 10,926 registered births in 2017, about 52.64 percent were males and 47.36 percent were females, indicating that more male babies were born than female babies.

On the average, there were about 30 babies born daily or at least 1 baby born per hour. (Figure 2)

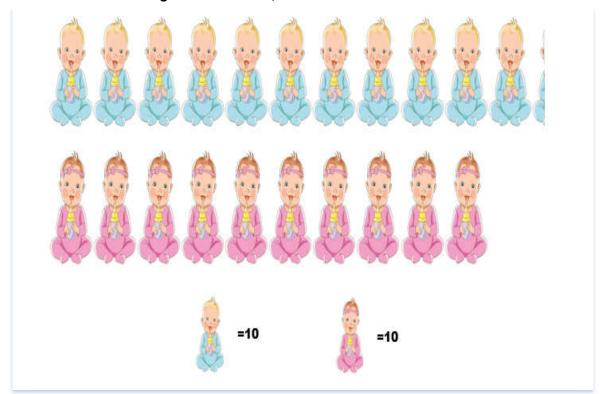


Figure 2. Sex Ratio, Sultan Kudarat Province: 2017

Sex Ratio: 111 male per 100 female

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Civil Registration Service, Vital Statistics Division

Explanatory Notes

Data on births presented in this release were obtained from the Certificates of Live Birth (Municipal Form No. 102) that were registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars all throughout the country and forwarded to the Philippine Statistics Authority. Information presented include registered births which occurred from January to December 2017. Cumulative figures for 2017 reflect revisions received for previous months and may differ from preliminary counts which previously published. Births of Filipinos occurred abroad which were reported to the Philippine Foreign Service Posts are presented in a separate report.

TECHNICAL NOTES

Vital Acts and Events

Include <u>births</u>, <u>deaths</u>, <u>marriages</u>, and all such events that have something to do with an individual's entrance and departure from life together with the changes in civil status that may occur to a person during his/her lifetime.

Civil Registration

recording of vital acts and events in the civil registers and the resulting documents are called vital records.

Vital Statistics

derived from information obtained at the time when the occurrences of vital events and their characteristics are inscribed in a civil register.

Live Birth

is a complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception, irrespective of the duration of the pregnancy, which after such separation, breathes or shows any other evidence of life, such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles, whether or not the umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached; each product of such a birth is considered live born.

Sex Ratio

refers to the number of males per one hundred females.

Usual Residence of the Mother

refers to the place where the mother habitually resides.

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