

Republic of the Philippines **Philippine Statistics Authority**South Cotabato Provincial Statistical Office

SPECIAL RELEASE

SOUTH COTABATO VITAL STATISTICS: 1ST QUARTER 2018

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BIRTH STATISTICS

The number of registered births in the province of South Cotabato for the 1st quarter of 2018 was 5,801 births. The figure showed a decrease of 8.36 percent compared to the 6,330 births for the occurrences for the quarter. Municipality of Santo Niño recorded the least number of recorded births with only 109 birth occurrences for the quarter.

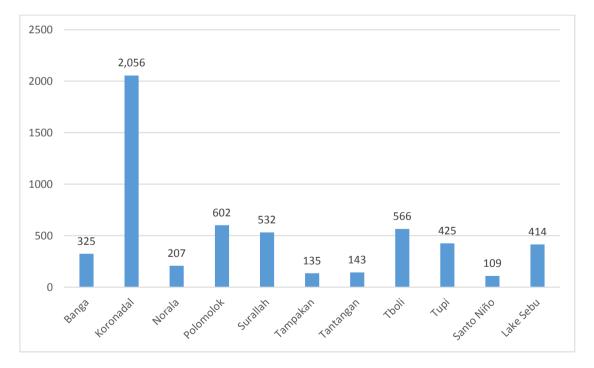


Figure 1. Number of Births registered by City/Municipality: 1st Quarter of 2018

City/Municipality	January	February	March	Total
Banga	100	105	120	325
Koronadal	801	327	328	2,056
Norala	81	60	66	207
Polomolok	216	203	183	602
Surallah	207	158	167	532
Tampakan	34	45	56	135
Tantangan	19	53	71	143
Tboli	159	214	193	566
Tupi	125	134	166	425
Santo Niño	38	39	32	109
Lake Sebu	56	192	166	414

Table 1. Number of Births Registered by City/Municipality: 1st Quarter of 2018

MARRIAGE STATISTICS

South Cotabato province recorded 1,489 marriages for the 1st quarter of 2018. An increase of 12.21 percent compared to the 1,327 for the 1st quarter of 2018. The municipality of Polomolok registered the highest marriage occurrences with 296 or 19.88 percent of the total marriages registered in the province. The least number of registered marriages is from the municipality of Lake Sebu with 2.62 percent or 39 marriages recorded for the 1st quarter.

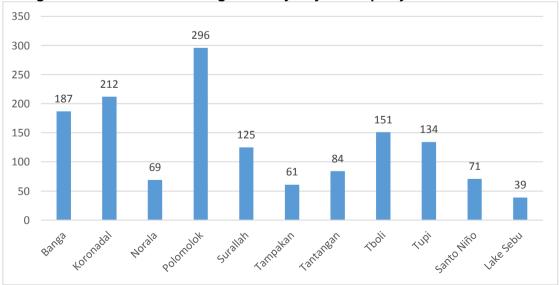


Figure 2. Number of Births registered by City/Municipality: 1st Quarter of 2018

City/Municipality	January	February	March	Total
Banga	67	29	91	187
Koronadal	104	49	59	212
Norala	42	20	7	69
Polomolok	100	56	140	296
Surallah	63	46	16	125
Tampakan	42	10	9	61
Tantangan	16	12	56	84
Tboli	43	32	76	151
Tupi	53	40	51	134
Santo Niño	49	13	9	71
Lake Sebu	15	9	15	39

Table 2. Number of Births Registered by City/Municipality: 1st Quarter of 2018

DEATH STATISTICS

A total of 1,240 death occurrences for the province recorded for the 1st quarter. The figure indicated a slight decrease of 7.19 percent compared to the same quarter in 2017 with 1,336 death reported. Koronadal City registered the highest death occurrences with 510 deaths or 41.13 percent in the total deaths in the province. The municipality of Lake Sebu has the least number of registered deaths with 50 or 4.03 percent of the total deaths in the province.

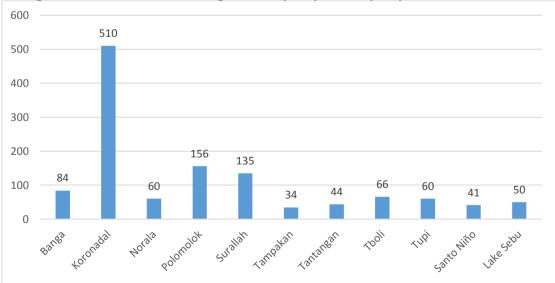


Figure 3. Number of Births registered by City/Municipality: 1st Quarter of 2018

City/Municipality	January	February	March	Total
Banga	30	26	28	84
Koronadal	205	139	166	510
Norala	20	21	19	60
Polomolok	46	52	58	156
Surallah	60	38	37	135
Tampakan	16	9	9	34
Tantangan	16	20	8	44
Tboli	31	14	21	66
Tupi	21	20	19	60
Santo Niño	38	39	32	109
Lake Sebu	59	192	166	414

Table 3. Number of Births Registered by City/Municipality: 1st Quarter of 2018

TECHNICAL NOTES

Vital Statistics are derived from information obtained at the time when the occurrences of vital events and their characteristics are inscribed in civil register.

Vital acts and events are the births, deaths, fetal deaths, marriages, and all events such that have something to do with an individual's entrance and departure from life together with the changes in civil status that may occur to a person during his lifetime. Recording of these events in the civil register is known as vital or civil registration and the resulting documents are called vital records.

Live Birth is a complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception, irrespective of the duration of the pregnancy, which after such separation, breathes or shows any other evidence of life, such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles, whether or not the umbilical cord has been out or the placenta is attached; each product of such a birth is considered live born.

Marriage is a contract of permanent union between a man and woman entered into in accordance with law for the establishment of conjugal and family life.

Death refers to the permanent disappearance of all evidence of life at any time after live birth has taken place (postnatal cessation of vital function without capability of resuscitation).

. GRECIA f Statistical Specialist PSA South Cotabato